THE MORNING STAR

Gives the Largest Quantity

And Variety of Reading Matter,

Of Any Daily Newspaper

In North Carolina.

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THE MORNING STAR

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THE MORNING STAR,

THE OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN NORTH CAROLINA.

The Only Six-Dollar Daily of its Class in the State.

Port Almanac—June 26.

Sun Rises 4.43 A M
Sun Sets 7.19 P M
Day's Length 14 h 36 m
High Water at Southport 11.07 P M
High Water at Wilmington 12.54 A M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., June 26.

Meteorological data for yesterday: Temperature: 8 a. m., 79°; 8 p. m., 76°; maximum, 92°; minimum, 78°; mean 82°.

Rainfall for the day, T.; rainfall for the month up to date 2.96 inches.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For Virginia and North Carolina: Fair; southerly winds.

For South Carolina: Fair; southerly winds.

Cotton Region Bulletin.

High temperature prevailed yesterday in the cotton region. In the Wilmington district, the maximum at Newbern was 90 degrees; at Wilmington, Raleigh, Weldon, Charlotte, Goldsboro, Greensboro and Lumberton, 92; and at Cheraw and Florence 96. Moderate rainfall was reported in all the districts.

OUTLINES

The Treasury gold reserve is intact again for the first time since December, 1894; it is rumored that the bond syndicate has been released from the obligation to import gold, but this is denied by the Treasury Department. —— The Democratic State Convention of Ohio will meet in Springfield, August 20 and 21. —— Gold men are largely in the majority in Kentucky Democratic Convention which assembled yesterday in Louisville; the platform will be against the free coinage of silver at 16 to 1. —— Rates to the Cotton States Exposition at Atlanta will be fixed at one cent per mile. —— Chicago Grain and Provision Market. —— Cotton Spots and Futures. —— Record of the base ball games yesterday. —— New York markets: Money on call easy at 1@2 per cent., last loan at 1½ per cent. and closing offered at 1½ per cent; cotton steady; middling gulf 7¼c; middling uplands 7c; Southern flour dull and weak; common to fair extra $2.40@3.15; good to choice do $3.20@4.00; wheat—spot dull and firmer with options, closing firm; No. 2 red in store and at elevator 75@75¼c; afloat 76¼@76½c; corn—spot dull and easier No. 2 at elevator 52⅝c; afloat 53⅝@54c; spirits turpentine 29@29¼c; rosin quiet but steady; strained common to good $1.57½@1.62½.

Boston capitalists have bought a whole town in Wisconsin, paid $2,000,000 and are going to turn it into a tannery.

Germany feels as if she had been buncoed in that business between China and Japan, with Russia for the bunco steerer.

The Silver men claim that they were in the majority at the meeting of Republican clubs at Cleveland but were frozen out under the rules.

Ex-Chief of Police Byrnes, of New York, is said to have refused an offer of $15,000 by a foreign Government, thought to be Spain, to work for it in this country.

Lady Somerset wants to abolish the barmaid in England. But there are about 50,000 of the barmaid and she doesn't want to be abolished, for that's the way she gets her bread and clothes, and also some fun.

Gen. McAlpine, President of the Republican Clubs, was robbed of $1,000 and a gold watch, while at Cleveland. He should have remembered the company he was in and kept his hands on his wallet and watch.

Mr. Hashiguichi, the Japanese Consul at New York, had a son born to him in May and celebrated the event by naming the little American Jap George Washington. George Washington Hashiguichi. There's nothing the matter with that.

The heirs of one Mr. Dingee, deceased, have put in a claim for property in the State of New York valued at $90,000,000. If they have any money to push this claim they may have some fun hearing the lawyers talk.

A Kansas doctor has made the discovery that a little pile of dirt the size of a potato hill will stop the progress of a ball fired from one of the new army rifles, that will send a ball through half a dozen thicknesses of plank. As dirt is pretty abundant there is nothing to prevent any fellow from having a little fort of his own in a scrimmage.

On a trial of speed a few days ago on the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad, with electric locomotives, one of them made eighty miles an hour and could have done better if it hadn't been for hot boxes. Another, hitched to a train of three passenger coaches and a heavy steam locomotive, moved them easily with a speed equal to that of a steam locomotive. The railroad men were pleased with both tests and especially with the prompt starting and stopping.

Gov. Dick Oglesby, of Illinois, refused a 25 cent cigar offered him by a man in Washington, because he said it would ruin him politically if they found out in Illinois that he was smoking 25 cent cigars. Ben Lamar, member of Congress from Indiana, begged some fellows who caught him in a bath-house never to mention it at home, as his constituents would never stand that.

A Buffalo Alderman saved the life of a Pole the other day, for which the Pole was so grateful that he bolted home and hurried back with one of his baby sons which he begged the Alderman to accept as a token of his gratitude. But the unselfish Buffalonian firmly declined to accept reward for the service rendered. He already had assortment enough in his nursery.

It is thought that Lenz, the bicyclist, was shot while wheeling through Armenia, to settle a dispute between two Turkish soldiers as to whether he was a man or a devil. The riders who first venture among the unsophisticated Chinese in the interior have hard work to persuade the natives that they are not devils, and sometimes they have a devil of a time before they do it.

The theory of those who contend that electrocution does not kill gets pretty strong backing by a case in Rochester a few days ago when a man ran 'foul of an electric wire, got 3,000 volts poured into him and was apparently dead for an hour, but was resuscitated.

The Washington *Star* says there is a possibility of both the great national political conventions being held in the South this year. There is a possibility of their being held in Alaska, but there is very little probability of it.

If Mr. Cohen who jumped from the Brooklyn Bridge and was picked up unhurt really wanted to kill himself why didn't he try that never failing Brooklyn trolley?

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—Teacher.
SHERIFF—State taxes.
D. L. GORE—Wanted.
THE Atlantic National Bank.

NEW BUSINESS LOCALS.

FOUND—Pointer.
MECHANICS' Home Association.
NEILL MCKINNON—Molasses, etc.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Mr. W. W. Smith, of Raleigh, is here on a short visit.

— Judge O. P. Meares is holding court in Charlotte this week.

— Mr. Owen B. Wightman, of Fayetteville, is a visitor in the city.

Mr. L. B. Mallard, of Wallace, is here interviewing wholesale merchants.

— Miss Kinnie Hankins, daughter of Mr. A. G. Hankins, has returned home after graduating at school, Berkley, Va.

— Judge Hoke was thrown from a buggy while driving with his sister near Lincolnton last Sunday and his right arm broken.

— Messrs. John W. Wats, Fayetteville, N. C.; H. S. Tott, New London, N. C.; T. L. Vail, Charlotte, N. C.; J. M. Wilson, Knoxville, N. C.; M. B. Owery, Harrisburg, N. C.; B. M. Weddington, Concord, N. C.; L. Meyers, wife and daughters, Charlotte, N. C.; R. W. Taylor, Charlotte, N. C.; J. W. Kistler, Mooresville, N. C.; W. G. Burkhead, Whiteville; W. W. Freeman, Orangeburg; R. W. Gray, E. R. Gray, Charlotte; G. H. Lacey, Egypt, were among the arrivals in the city yesterday.

First Baptist Church.

Rev. W. B. Oliver will leave next week for Kinston, N. C., and on the 16th of July for Baltimore, Md., to attend the Baptist Young People's Union, which meets on the 16th and continues until the 21st. On account of his absence from the city the ordinance of baptism will be administered on Thursday evening after prayer meeting, and again next Sunday. The candidates are requested to come prepared on Thursday night.

Colored Base Ball Team.

The two colored teams, Fear Nots, of Charleston, S. C., and Black Stockings of this city, crossed bats again yesterday morning, which resulted in favor of the home team. Score 9 to 0. They play the crack colored team of Charlotte tomorrow afternoon at Hilton Park.

The First of the Season.

The first cotton bloom of the season reached the STAR office yesterday. It came by mail from Mr. J. B. Weatherly, Maxton, Robeson County, N. C., who says it is the first seen in that section and that it came from a field of Mr. Colin Davis, of Alma, N. C.

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— Local forecast for to-day: Fair; light southerly winds.

— An excursion from Goldsboro is expected to arrive at 9.30 this morning.

— There was six additions to Grace Methodist church Sunday and one to Fifth Street church.

— Black river was rising rapidly yesterday, the result of recent rains along the head waters of that stream.

— The *Wilmington* on her three o'clock trip from the city to-day will go no further down the river than to the pier for Carolina Beach.

— The Mechanics Home Building and Loan Association will open a new series July 10th. The subscription books close on July 6th.

— It is rumored that the free coinage Democrats will organize a club in Wilmington within the next fortnight. The promoters of the project, it is said, are trying to secure the attendance of a speaker of national reputation for the occasion.

A STRANGE NEGRO.

Believed to be the Murderer of Lee Jones Lurking in the Woods Near Cronly.

A correspondent of the STAR, writing from Cronly, N. C., June 26th, says there is a strange colored man lurking in the woods between Northwest and Cronly, on the north side of the Carolina Central railroad near the Cape Fear river. He carries a gun and has a dog with him. He was seen last Monday by Howard Perkins (colored) who says that as soon as he saw him the man ran back into the bushes. It is believed by people living in the neighborhood that the stranger is John Dixon, the murderer of Lee Jones, for whom the Commissioners of New Hanover county have offered a reward of $100, and who has been outlawed by two Justices of the Peace of the county. The correspondent adds that the strange negro has been in the neighborhood of Cronly for a week or more. He is a man of about middle age.

APPOINTMENTS WILMINGTON DISTRICT.

W. S. Rone, P. E.

Onslow circuit, at Tabernacle, June 29 and 30
Onslow Mission, Meadow Bridge, July 1
Scott's Hill circuit, Prospect, July 6 and 7
Market Street, Bethany, July 13
Wilmington, Grace Church, July 14 and 15
Wilmington, Fifth Street, July 21 and 22
Southport station, July 27 and 28
Waccamaw circuit, Shiloh, August 2
Columbus circuit, Peacock's, August 3
Whiteville and Fair Bluff, at Fair Bluff, August 3 and 4
Elizabeth circuit, Bladen Springs, August 10 and 11
Magnolia circuit, Magnolia, August 17 and 18
Wilmington, Bladen Street, night, August 18
Carver's Creek circuit, Carver's Creek, August 24 and 25
Bladen circuit, Antioch, August 31 and September 1
Kenansville circuit, Richlands, September 7 and 8
Brunswick circuit, Shalotte Camp, September 14 and 15
Clinton circuit, Johnson's, September 21 and 22.

July Weather.

The Chief of the Weather Bureau directs the publication of the following data, compiled from the record of observations for the month of July for a period of twenty-four years:

Mean or normal temperature, 80 degrees. The warmest July was that of 1872, with an average of 84 degrees; the coldest July was that of 1888, with an average of 76 degrees. The highest temperature during any July was 103 degrees on the 12th, 1879; the lowest temperature during any July was 58 degrees on the 11th, 1890.

The average rainfall for the month is 7.34 inches. The greatest monthly precipitation was 21.12 inches in 1886; the least monthly precipitation was 1.95 inches in 1875. The greatest amount of precipitation recorded in any twenty-four consecutive hours was 7.38 inches on July 15th, 1886.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—76 casks spirits turpentine, 148 bbls rosin, 7 bbls tar, 4 bbls crude turpentine.

Carolina Central R. R.—78 casks spirits turpentine, 278 bbls rosin, 41 bbls tar.

C. F. & Y. V. R. R.—80 casks spirits turpentine, 169 bbls rosin, 8 bbls tar.

Steamer A. P. Hurt—22 casks spirits turpentine, 352 bbls rosin, 46 bbls tar, 14 bbls crude turpentine.

Steamer Lisbon—7 casks spirits turpentine, 145 bbls rosin.

Steamer Daggett—20 bbls tar, 4 bbls crude turpentine.

Total receipts—Spirits turpentine, 263 casks; rosin, 1,083 bbls; tar, 122 bbls; crude turpentine, 62 bbls.

Excursion From Charlotte.

The excursion train from Charlotte arrived last night at 8 o'clock, via the Wilmington & Weldon railroad. The number of excursionists was variously estimated, from 400 to 700. The excursion is given by the Second Regiment band of Charlotte. The visitors will remain in the city until to-morrow night.

Buy No Others.

All persons are hereby cautioned against buying copies of the STAR offered for sale on the streets unless, in every case, the words "For Transient Sale" are stamped on the margin of the paper. Should any newsboy or carrier offer for sale a copy of the STAR not so stamped he should be promptly reported at this office.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

A Reception Tendered Vice Grand Chancellor Catlett by Clarendon Lodge K. of P.—Prominent Pythians Present.

There was a large gathering last night of members of different lodges of the order of Knights of Pythias in the city at the Castle Hall of Clarendon Lodge No. 3, the occasion being a reception tendered by Clarendon Lodge to Prof. Washington Catlett, elected to the position of Vice Grand Chancellor of North Carolina, at the convention held last week at Mount Airy.

The proceedings were interesting. Grand Representative Walker Taylor, of Clarendon Lodge, read his report of the Grand Lodge, which was concise, plain and full, and was listened to with marked attention.

Supreme Representative T. D. Meares spoke in eulogistic terms of Prof. Catlett, as well as of all the representatives from this city to the Grand Lodge. He stated that the Grand Lodge had honored Wilmington by electing from this city its Supreme Representative, its Grand Vice Chancellor and the chairman of one of the important standing committees. It had also honored the Uniform Rank by making an appropriation for it. The representatives from all the lodges in Wilmington worked together, thus showing that in unity there is strength. He was glad to see that all worked together in harmony, as this is the only way in which an organization can succeed.

Prof. Catlett made a short address, thanking his fellow members for their kindness and courtesy, and expressing his high appreciation of the honor they had conferred upon him, and hoped to merit by his actions their continued approval and esteem.

Short speeches were made by Representative Behrends, of Germania Lodge, Representative Woodward of Jefferson, and E. G. Parmele, of Clarendon, Representative Greenwald, of Stonewall Lodge, and others present.

After partaking of refreshments provided for the occasion, the proceedings concluded.

BASE BALL.

Game To-day at the Hammocks by High Point and Wilmington Teams.

The base ball grounds at the Hammocks have been put in excellent shape for the game this afternoon. A large force of hands was busy all day yesterday, and last night the work was completed. The visiting team from High Point, which arrived here last night, is an aggregation of the best players in the State, and without the home team plays good ball, they will find it hard to win. Manager Roberts has secured a first class battery, and promises a game worth seeing. On Thursday Mr. W. P. Oldham, of Chattanooga, Tenn., will be here with a professional pitcher, and as a battery they will be hard to touch.

The following are the players for to-day's game:

Wilmington—Dahlgren, catch; Pearsall, pitch; Furlong, first base; Belden, second base; Stevens, third base, Bray, short stop; Zellars, left field; French, centre field; Delano, right field; Roberts and Rankin, subs.

High Point—King, catch; Strayhorn, pitch; Armfield, first base; Watson, second base; Bailey, third base; Ragsdale, short stop; Ford, left field; Jones, centre field; Barbee, right field; Davis and Hoosier, subs. N. H. Slaughter, manager.

Naval Reserves.

Never was there a more enthusiastic meeting of the Naval Reserves held than last night, when Lieutenant Commander Geo. L. Morton and Lieutenant J. C. Morrison made speeches of what the Division had done and what the Assistant Secretary of the Navy and his Lieutenants had said of the efficiency of the State's naval battalion. After addresses by the above in regard to the cruise of 1895 and what they proposed to do in the near future, Ensign W. R. Morrison read a commission from Commander Winslow of the North Carolina Naval Battalion to Lieutenant J. C. Morrison, appointing seaman John G. Marshall for duty as assistant or orderly to Lieut. John W. Harper, navigator and ordnance officer of the Battalion. The boys called on seaman Marshall, who responded, thanking the Naval Battalion for the honor conferred upon him.

CAROLINA BEACH.

Purchased by a Stock Company—Officers Elected.

Capt. S. W. Skinner has sold the Carolina Beach property to a joint stock company, the members of which met yesterday and organized by electing the following officers:

President—S. W. Skinner.
Vice President—D. O'Connor.
Secretary and Treasurer—Jas. C. Stevenson.
General Manager—L. H. Skinner.
Directors—James C. Stevenson, S. W. Skinner, D. O'Connor, L. H. Skinner, H. C. McQueen.

The new company have chartered the steamers *Wilmington* and *Italian* for a number of years, and will, it is understood, make extensive improvements at this popular Summer resort.

Dividend Declared.

At the regular weekly meeting of the Board of Directors of the Atlantic National Bank, held yesterday, a semi-annual dividend of 3 per cent. was declared payable to stockholders on and after July 1st, and $5,000.00 was added to the surplus account out of the earnings of the last six months. This bank has increased its surplus account $10,000.00, or 8 per cent. besides paying 6 per cent. dividend within the past year, making a net profit to stockholders of 14 per cent. in one year. The bank now has $35,000.00 surplus.

— There are just as many people looking for houses to rent this year as ever. If you have a vacant house to rent advertise it in the STAR's Business Locals. Only one cent a word. But no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents.

RALEIGH NEWS BUDGET.

MATTERS OF MORE OR LESS MOMENT AT THE STATE CAPITAL.

Hot Wave Predicted—Egypt Coal—West Point Cadets—"Horse Soup"—Jim Young's Excursion—Appropriation For Colored Normal Schools—Monazite—Mr. J. Frank Williams—Illicit Distilleries—Mr. J. F. Bryan's Case—The Arrington Tribunal.

[*Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., June 25.

Weather Officer Von Herman predicts a scorching hot wave for the remainder of the week.

The experiment station has gotten out the North Carolina weather report for the year 1894. The report consist of the 12 monthly reports of the weather for the year and other interesting statistics and matter on the subject. The report is nicely bound and is quite exhaustive.

The Egypt Coal Company has begun to supply the Seaboard Road with one hundred tons of coal per day. This coal is only being used on freight trains at present.

Mr. Richard S. Busbee, son of Hon. Fab. Busbee, has returned from West Point, where he passed a successful examination before the Board of Examiners. Mr. Chas. M. Cooke's son, of Louisburg, stood the examination successfully, and he having the appointment from this district will enter at West Point.

The people talked of nothing yesterday but "horse soup," which is being furnished in abundance by the city authorities. It seems that the horse was thrown over a steep embankment in stagnant water. Mr. McMackin, who threw the horse overboard, was not aware of the fact that the water found its way into the water-shed from which Raleigh gets her water supply. The horse has been removed, though not until after gross negligence on the part of some officials. The water company is blamed by many people.

Jim Young's excursion goes to Wilmington Saturday. He says he will carry fourteen coaches well loaded.

The Legislature made an appropriation of $1,000 to the State Colored Normal School. It develops that there are seven of these schools in the State and the Attorney General has given it as his opinion that the money should be equally divided among all seven. The man who framed the bill did not have sense enough to express his desire. It was intended to divide the amount proportionately among certain schools, as there were special bills passed aiding several normal schools. The one at Fayetteville got $1,500.

Mr. H. C. Tutze has presented the Museum with twenty-five specimens of monazite as they are found in their various forms or states in the Western counties. There are all shades and they are quite pretty. The collection is quite valuable.

Mr. J. Frank Williams, formerly of Wilmington, who has been appointed joint inspector of the Southern Steamship and Railway Association and the Seaboard Road jointly, has returned to the city after several flying trips up and down the road. His position is that of arbiter of any disputes that may arise between the two roads. He has nothing to do except settle these disputes.

Deputy Collector T. N. Williams of the Sixth Virginia District, reports that while in Rockingham county, this State, he seized a 100 gallon illicit distillery and outfit and 1,000 gallons beer belonging to Wm. Chilton. Two 90 gallon distilleries and outfits were destroyed in Randolph county by Deputy Moffit. A 65 gallon outfit was destroyed by Deputy Collector Smith in Rockingham county.

MR. J. E. BRYAN'S CASE.

The following is a copy of the correspondence between State Auditor Furman and Attorney General Osborne concerning Hon. J. E. Bryan:

RALEIGH, N. C., June 19, 1895.

Hon. F. I. Osborne, Attorney General,

DEAR SIR—I respectfully ask your attention to the case of *in re* Martin, 60th N. C. Reports.

Therein it seems to have been held that the acceptance of one position of trust or profit would vacate any other office of trust or profit held by the party accepting. Hon. J. E. Bryan was a member of the late General Assembly for Chatham. He was appointed by said Assembly a member of a committee to investigate the claims of Mrs. P. D. B. Arrington. He qualified as such committeeman by attending meetings of the committee on the 14th, 15th and 19th days of March. Since that date he has taken the oath of office as a Director of the Penitentiary under the law passed by the recent Assembly, and claiming to be a member of said Board is suing for the same, as I am informed by his attorney, Mr. W. H. Day. Does this taking the oath and claiming, to the extent of bringing suit, operate to vacate his positions as member of the General Assembly and therefore of the Committee of the Assembly to investigate the Arrington matter? An early reply is specially requested.

ROBT. M. FURMAN,
Auditor.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., June 22.

Hon. R. M. Furman, Auditor, Raleigh, N. C.

DEAR SIR:—Enclosed you will find your letter of June 19th with reference to the case of the Hon. J. E. Bryan. In reply to the questions therein contained, I have the honor to say, By virtue of section 7, article 14 of the State Constitution, no one can hold two offices or places of trust or profit under the authority of this State at one and the same time.

It is well settled law, if while holding one office one accepts another, the act of acceptance vacates the one which he holds. Taking the oath required by the Constitution is a well recognized method of accepting an office. A member of the Legislature is an officer within the meaning of this section, and so is a Director in the Penitentiary. Mr. J. E. Bryan being at the time a member of the Legislature, qualified by taking the oath as a Director of the Penitentiary, having been appointed to the last office by the last Legislature. His taking the oath was an acceptance of the office of Director, and must of necessity vacate his office as Legislator, and as a member of the committee to which you allude. I do not see how there can be any doubt about the conclusion.

Very respectfully,
F. J. OSBORNE,
Attorney General.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

The citizen's meeting to-night in honor of the memory of R. S. Pullen, was well attended. Appropriate resolutions were passed. The Board of Aldermen were requested to place a suitable memorial at the entrance of Pullen Park. A director of the Agricultural College said a memorial tablet would be placed in the College in memory of Mr. Pullen.

The State Auditor paid "Lord Chief Justice" Campbell $99.40, and T. R. Purnell, attorney, $40, for services rendered in producing the Arrington farce. Campbell says he will leave to-morrow.

SECOND REGIMENT BAND.

The Charlotte Visitors Received and Entertained by the Wilmington Band.

The Second Regiment Band of Charlotte, who arrived here last night, were entertained by the Second Regiment Band of Wilmington. A committee, consisting of Messrs. R. B. Clowe, Jas. W. Monroe and W. W. Hodges, met them at the depot and escorted them to the hotel and thence to their band room. The Wilmington band played two familiar airs, after which President Jas. W. Monroe delivered the following address of welcome:

Gentlemen of Second Regiment Band, N. C. S. G.:

I have been delegated as President of the Second Regiment Band of Wilmington, to extend to you a heartfelt and cordial welcome to our city by the sea, and the free use of our band room during your stay with us. The latch string to the door will be on the outside, the key temporarily lost; so all you will have to do will be to walk in. We welcome you to our sea breezes; we welcome you to our time-honored and historical Rock Spring, which, according to the legend of the Cape Fear, is that charm fountain, the water of which once imbibed ever draws the visitor to drink again. You are welcome to our mosquitoes, if you can find any, and regret that we haven't a well-stocked hornet's nest to give them battle. We deal in no fulsome praise when we say that the strong tie of friendship, which has always existed between Wilmington and Charlotte, is highly appreciated by us. We are bound together by the ties of affection, which I trust will ever remain so. Again, gentlemen, we welcome you, and assure you we receive you within our homes as within our hearts.

Mr. Monroe's address was responded to by Drum Major Daniel E. Smith, of Charlotte and Mr. Creswell, of Concord, who both made speeches thanking the band for courtesies and the hospitable reception. Toasts were made, supper was served and a general good feeling and handshaking prevailed. The supper was served in an admirable way by Mr. A. P. Levy. After toasts to the Charlotte band and one to the memory of the late W. Nick Jacobs, a member who was so universally liked, the home band played two selections, which ended the ceremonies.

NEW YORK TRUCK MARKET.

Full and Reliable Reports of Markets For Southern Fruits and Vegetables.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, June 25.—Cherries and plums quiet unless choice. Raspberries lower, better supply. Huckleberries steady. Fancy blackberries firm, others dull. Watermelons selling better. Choice muskmelons in light supply and inquired for. Vegetables in very moderate receipt and fairly active and firm for desirable stock; all others freely offered. Muskmelons—Florida per barrel $1.00 to 3.00; ditto basket 50c. to $1.50; ditto Charleston, basket $1.00 to 1.50. Blackberries—North Carolina, per quart 6c to 15; ditto Maryland and Delaware, 10c to 12. Huckleberries—North Carolina, per quart 5c to 10; ditto Maryland and Delaware 5c to 8. Peaches—Georgia, per carrier $1.00 to 2.00; do South Carolina, carrier $1.00 to 2.50; ditto case 50c to $1.00. Plums—Georgia, wild goose, carrier, $1.50 to 2.00; ditto Chinese varieties, carrier, $1.60 to 2.50. Raspberries—Maryland and Delaware, per pint, 3 to 8c. Watermelons—Florida and Georgia, per hundred, $10.00 to 20.00, ditto car loads, $100 to 225. Apples—Georgia, carrier, $1.00 to 1.75. Cukes—Charleston, per basket, 60 to 75c; ditto Savannah, per crate, 25 to 40c; ditto Norfolk, per basket, $1.00 to 1.25. Cabbages—Norfolk, per barrel, 40 to 80c; ditto barrel crate, 40 to 45c. Eggplant—Florida, $1.50 to 2.00. Onions—Virginia and Maryland, potatoe basket, $1.00 to 1.25; ditto barrels, $2.00 to 2.50. Potatoes—Rose, $2.50 to 3.50, ditto Chili red, $1.75 to 3.25; ditto white, $2.75 to 3.25; ditto poor to fair, $1.50 to 1.75; ditto culls, 50 to 75c. String beans—Norfolk, wax, per basket, $1.00 to 1.75; ditto ditto green, per basket, $1.00 to 2.50; ditto Maryland, wax, per basket, $2.00. Squash—Florida, Marrow crate, $1.00 to 1.25. Tomatoes—Florida, choice, carrier, $1.25; ditto common, carrier, 60c to $1.00; ditto Savannah, per crate, $1.00 to 1.50; ditto Mississippi case, $1.00 to 1.50.

THE REVENUE LAW.

Another Important Error of the Recent Legislature Discovered.

[*Raleigh News-Observer.*]

Section 21 of the Revenue Act ratified 13 March, 1895, which levies the merchant's purchase tax and which requires returns of purchases to be made on 18th day of January and July of each year, has heretofore allowed the clerk of the Board of Commissioners a fee of 15 cts. from each person for each such return. The latter clause in said section should have read as follows:

"For service required of the clerk of the Board of County Commissioners in this section, he shall receive a fee of fifteen cents from each person on making his first return of purchases for each year, also fifteen cents for second return of each year, which last mentioned fee shall be allowed by the County Commissioners and paid by the County Treasurer. But the enrolling clerk left out "also a fee of fifteen cents for second return of each year," and thus it is the clerks must lose the fee for the second return.

Each day some gross error occurs proving the incompetency of the Fusion Legislature. Experience is a dear teacher but the eyes of North Carolinians have been opened.

For Carolina Beach.

Charlotte *News* of Monday: "The exodus for the coast begins in earnest this week. Carolina Beach seems to be the favorite point this season with Charlotte people. Mr. J. C. Burroughs and family, and Dr. M. A. Bland and daughter leave to-night. Mrs. W. R. Taliaferro and children and Mrs T. S. Clarkson are also preparing to leave for the beach.

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our "Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cents. This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers, who can calculate the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

Encyclopædia Britannica.

The STAR Britannica Department is still filling orders for the Encyclopædia Britannica. This is the latest and best edition of this great work. Issued in 25 volumes, bound in cloth or sheep. For full particulars read announcement on third page, or inquire at the STAR office

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Atlantic National Bank,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Capital $125,000.00.
Surplus $35,000.00.

J. W. NORWOOD, President. W. J. TOOMER, Cashier.
W. C. COKER, Jr., Ass't Cash.

Loans made at lowest rates on any good security.

Especial attention given to accounts of non-resident customers.

Direct correspondents at every banking town having considerable business in Wilmington.

Accounts solicited.

DIRECTORS:

J. W. Norwood, W. E. Springer,
D. L. Gore, C. W. Worth,
S. P. McNair, E. J. Powers,
Sam'l Bear, Jr., H. L. Vollers,
M. J. Heyer,
J. L. Coker, Hartsville, S. C.,
G. A. Norwood, Greenville, S. C.

je 26 tf

THE CAROLINA MUTUAL Fire Insurance Company,

of Charlotte, N. C.

The CAROLINA MUTUAL is a strong NORTH CAROLINA Company. It is, however, a stock company, and issues absolutely non-participating and non-assessable policies. Its mutual feature consists in a charter provision, that one-third of its directors must be POLICY-HOLDERS who are NOT stockholders elected by the POLICY-HOLDERS; this is a very strong point, the policy-holders who have great interests at stake, have a share in the management of the Company, and will always know its condition. Better than this, the CAROLINA MUTUAL deposits all premiums received at this agency to their credit with the WILMINGTON SAVINGS AND TRUST COMPANY. This makes it practically a local company. The directors of the company are:

P. M. BROWN,
Of Brown, Weddington & Co.,
Wholesale Hardware.
E. B. SPRINGS,
Of E. B. Springs & Co.,
Fertilizers and Wagons.
M. P. PEGRAM,
Cash'r First Nat'l Bank of Charlotte.
B. D. HEATH,
Of Heath Brothers, Bankers.
SAM'L E. WHITE,
President Fort Mill Man'f'g Co.
A. C. SUMMERVILLE,
Lumber and Real Estate.
J. T. ANTHONY,
Wholesale Provisions and Grain.
JOHN W. MILLER,
Real Estate and Cotton Broker.
HERIOT CLARKSON,
Of Clarkson & Duls, Att'ys-at-Law.

These gentlemen stand among the wealthiest and most successful business men of North Carolina, and their names are a guarantee of the Company's honesty, conservatism and success. We heartily recommend the Company to the property owners of Wilmington. We also represent other good companies, and do a general insurance business. Come to see us.

STEDMAN & WORTH,

Resident Agents.

je 9 tf

Wanted! Wanted!!

TO SELL

75 bush. Field Peas for seed,
3000 bushels Peanuts.
3500 bags Salt,
1200 bbls Flour,
300 bales Hay

and any quantity of other goods such as Lard, Hams, D. S. Sides, Rice, Grits, Canned Goods, Nails, Shot, Powder, Caps, Hoop Iron, &c.

D. L. GORE,
120, 122 & 124 Water street,
Wilmington, N. C.

June 26 tf

Teacher Wanted.

A TEACHER FOR THE HIGH CLASSES IS wanted in the Hemenway school of this city. She must be capable of teaching the public school branches; the second year pupils in Algebra, the third year pupils in Latin. All applicants for this position must present themselves at the Hemenway building at 9 a. m., July 1, 1895, for examination as to their qualification. Any information that may be wanted as to details may be obtained by seeing either Prof. M. C. S. Noble, County Examiner, or

JAS. F. POST, JR.,
je 26 3t Ch'm School Committee No. 1.

State of North Carolina, County of New Hanover.

Hansen & Smith,
vs.
Argyle Lumber & Shingle Co.

By virtue of a decree of the Superior Court of New Hanover county to the undersigned, Receivers appointed in the above entitled cause, directed, we will expose for sale to the highest bidder, for cash, at Public Auction at the Court House Door of Robeson county, in Lumberton, N. C., on the 25th day of July, 1895, the following described property: One saw and shingle mill situated at Alma, Robeson County, N. C.

GEO. H. HOWELL,
G. B. PATTERSON,
Receivers.

For fuller description of the above property apply to Geo. H. Howell, Wilmington, N. C., or G. B. Patterson, Maxton, N. C. je 25 30t

State Taxes.

THE STATE AUDITOR DECIDES THAT the Taxes imposed by Sections 34 35 and 36 are due and payable from and after March 13th, 1895. These sections apply to boarding and lodging houses, lawyers, physicians and dentists, and to business corporations except Railroads, Banks and Insurance Companies. Obtain license of the Register of Deeds and make payment at the Sheriff's office.

June 25, 1895. E. HEWLETT,
je 25 1t Sheriff.

Hotel Oceanic,

Carolina Beach.

I HAVE SEVERAL FIRST-CLASS ROOMS that can be rented unfurnished, with good table board, for $25 per month. MRS. M. E. MAYO.

je 25 1w

Steamer Wilmington,

ON AND AFTER JUNE 18th leaves for Southport and Carolina Beach at 9 a. m and 3 p. m. Leaves Southport 12.30 and 5.30 p. m. Leaves Carolina Beach 1.30 and 6.20 daily, except Sunday. Leaves Wilmington Sunday 10 a. m. and 3 p. m. Leaves Southport 5 p. m., Beach 6 p. m. Fare to Beach 50c; round trip 35c on 3 p. m. trip. Twelve round trips $3.50, good on any trip.

June 21 tf J. W. HARPER.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SPECIAL THIS WEEK

AT

KATZ & POLVOGT.

Monday,

We offer you our entire stock of Black and Fancy SILKS at 20 per cent. off regular price. We handle the largest stock in the State.

Wash Kai Kai Silk at 28c per yrd.

Tuesday,

75c Henrietta in all shades. Will be sold for 45c. No samples cut.

75c Storm and French Serges in Black and Navy Blue, will be sold for 50c per yard.

35 and 25c Henrietta will be sold for 18c, in colors only.

Wednesday,

We offer extra inducements in Table Linens, Lunch Sets, Bath Towels, Towels, Doylets and Napkins at 20 per cent. less the regular price. Stock the largest in the State.

Will also sell White Goods and Embroideries at reduced prices.

Thursday,

Wool Challie worth 20c, will be sold for 12½c, in both light and dark colors.

Satines, Crapons, Silk Mulle, will be sold very low.

Friday,

We close at 1 o'clock and offer you during the morning hours extra inducements in Matting, Floor Oil Cloth, Trunks, Bags, Window Shades, Lace Curtains, in fact everything on our Second Floor will be reduced.

Saturday,

Gent's Furnishing will be the item for Bargains, Excellent line of Outing Shirts, Laundered and Unlaundered Shirts, Bleach Drill Drawers, Hosiery and Knit Underwear.

Katz & Polvogt,

AGENTS FOR

Wheeler & Wilson

No. 9

Sewing Machine.

june 23 tf

Foreclosure Sale.

BY Virtue of the provisions of a certain motgage deed made by Lucy Page to the North Carolina Home Building Association on the 23d day of January, 1894, and duly registered in Book No. 12, page 761, of the Records of New Hanover County, the undersigned will sell to the highest bidder, at public auction, for cash, on Wednesday, the 3d day of July, 1895, at 12 o'clock m., at the Court House door, in the City of Wilmington, N. C., the following-described lot situate in said city, to-wit:

That lot beginning at the Southeastern intersection of Seventh street and Campbell street, runs thence east with the Southern line of Campbell street 66 feet; thence south parallel with Seventh street 66 feet, thence west parallel with Campbell street 65 feet, thence with the eastern line of Seventh street 66 feet to the beginning, being part of Lot 1 block 238.

JOHN D. BELLAMY, JR.,
June 11th, 1895, Attorney for Mortgagee.
June 12 20t

University of North Carolina

COMPRISES THE UNIVERSITY, THE COLLEGE, the Law and Medical Schools, and the Summer School for Teachers. Tuition $60. Thirty-five Teachers, 471 Students. Address President Winston, Chapel Hill, N. C., for catalogue and handbook on "University Education." je 21 tf

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily paper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at $6 00 per year; $3 00 for six months; $1 50 for three months; 50 cents for one month, to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 15 cents per week for any period less than one week in one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, $1 00; two days, $1 75; three days, $2 50; four days, $3 00; five days, $3 50; one week, $4 00; two weeks, $6 50; three weeks, $8 50; one month, $10 00; two months, $17 00; three months, $24 00; six months, $40 00; twelve months, $80 00. Ten lines of solid Nonpareil type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1 00 per year, 50 cents for six months, 25 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Notices under head of "City Items" 20 cents per line first insertion, and 10 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of public interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

An extra charge will be made for double-column or triple-column advertisements.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1 00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at the usual rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, JUNE 26, 1895

WHAT WILL THEY DO?

There is a good deal of speculation as to what position the two great parties, as they are called—the Democratic and the Republican party—will take in their next national conventions, on the silver question. There is a great difference of opinion in both parties on that question, more in the Democratic than in the Republican, but to what extent this will shape their utterances remains to be seen.

It is much easier to predict what course the Republican party will pursue, than to predict what course the Democratic party will pursue, for we know the methods and the cunning of the Republican leaders, their unscrupulous trickery and who runs the party, and we know how they have played the silver question, and how they have belied all their pretensions and professions. It is, therefore, pretty easy to predict what they will do, that is straddle to their mightest capacity and stand with one foot on gold, the other on silver, with the Government paper and national bank notes between.

We have pointers enough already to base opinions on with pretty tolerable certainty, pointers of both a positive and negative character, in what has been said and in what the leaders decline to say. John Sherman is the recognized authority in that party on financial questions, and it is pretty safe to assume that when he speaks he speaks not only for John Sherman, but for the Republican party. It is true that he has been on all sides of the silver question, but the Republican party has been there with him. He was the man who by cold-blooded false pretence engineered and succeeded in demonetizing silver, but has always and still pretends to be in favor of bimetallism. This John Sherman as chairman of the Ohio Republican Convention made a speech in which he substantially reiterated the Republican platform declaration of 1892 in favor of bimetallism, with the intimation that if returned to power the Republicans would bring about international agreement with a view to the free coinage of silver.

In his speech accepting the Presidency of the Republican Clubs, at Cleveland, Ohio, Gen. McAlpine, said substantially the same thing. There they froze out the discussion of the silver question, under the rules, although the silver men claim to have outnumbered the anti-silver men at the meeting.

John Sherman is a gold monometallist, as nearly all of the Republican leaders in the States East of the Mississippi are, but John Sherman and the rest of them see the necessity of playing to the silver vote and for that reason they will straddle and pretend to be very anxious to restore silver and give it a fixed place as a money metal, which they will pretend can be done by international agreement, which they will also pretend to see in the near future. That's the way they expect to fool innocent-minded people, who were fooled by it once before.

Their programme will, therefore, be to play bimetallism as soon as international agreement can be effected, and if they are successful, as they hope to be, that will be the end of bimetallism talk and international agreement, of which we will hear no more until, possibly, the next election. They hope to be successful by carrying some of the Southern States to offset any of the Western States which they may loose, for which purpose it is already hinted, they are prepared to make coalitions with anti-free silver men in the South, in the event the free silver element should be too aggressive. By thus breaking the "solid South," in the event they fail to carry the election, they would throw it into the House of Representatives, which would make the game theirs.

This being their programme what is the Democratic party to do? Reaffirm the Republican straddle platform and paddle in its wake, or adopt a platform of its own and make the fight an interesting one? The only way the Democratic party can do this is by coming out squarely for limited coinage—a reasonable compromise between unlimited coinage and gold monometallism,—and for the repeal—unconditional—of the State bank tax. There would be no playing second fiddle to John Sherman and the balance of his gang in that and there would be something in that on which all Democrats who contend for silver can fight, and something on which all friends of silver, whether they are Democrats or not, can stand. The "international agreement" fake should be dismissed at once as too thin a fraud to deceive any one now, and too shallow for any man who pretends to statesmanship to treat with serious attention. The Democratic party if it would win must be honest, candid and brave.

MINOR MENTION.

The U. S. Department of Agriculture, which has for some time been giving attention to the subject of our public roads, has recently published some interesting and instructive pamphlets in relation thereto. One of these is on the construction and repair of earth roads, another on the employment of convicts in constructing roads, and another on wide tires. These pamphlets are not given to speculation and theories, but present the results of inquiry and investigation in various States. For some time the wide tire has attracted more or less attention, as one of the most effective ways to keep roads in a good condition, after they have been put in that condition, and the object of the pamphlet on tires is to give the result of some of the experiments that have been made to test the relative merits of the wide and the narrow tire, these experiments being in every instance in favor of the wide tire. The only road on which the narrow tire can compete with it is on the one which is so boggy as to let both sink. In that case it is easier to pull the narrow tire out then the wide one. It gives a series of experiments made by the Studebaker Wagon Company, of Ohio, with the narrow and wide tires on farm wagons, the tires ranging from one and a half inches to three inches and four inches, the experiments being mode on hard road, on plowed land and on grass land, the object being to test the drawing capacity of a team of horses with each tire. The result was that while there was no perceptible an a hard road for the wide tire, the advantage being slightly with the smaller one, on soft ground the advantage was decidedly with the wide tire, a team being able to draw much more with less effort. But in all cases so far as the road is concerned the advantage is in the wide tire, which does not sink into and cut the road. Another instance is given where a quarry company in Onondaga county, New York, constructed a macadamized road four and a half miles long from its quarries, and tested the four-inch tire with axles of different length, the hind axles being a little longer than those in front. The result has been that the road has been made compact and smooth, is kept so by the wide wheels, while loads of stone weighing from 8,000 to 16,000 pounds are continuously hauled over it without any perceptible wear, and the cost of hauling has been reduced one-third.

* * *

The Republican organs which kept up the calamity howl in their editorial columns and wailed at the condition of the country under the new tariff while their news and advertising columns gave the lie to their editorial utterances, can no longer shut their eyes to the industrial improvement and the bettered condition of the workmen as shown by the advancing wages. Being no longer able to deny it or to lie about it some of them are now trying to explain it, which the New York *Tribune* does thus:

"Happily, a marked recovery in wages from the depression of 1893 and 1894 is made possible by the fact that in most branches the new tariff does not expose American workers by any means as much as was anticipated to the direct competition of foreign labor. With every step that can be gained in restoration of wages toward the high level reached under the Republican policy, the country advances in prosperity, more mills and mines are opened, more hands are employed, and trade in all departments is stimulated."

The check shown in this is colossal, and the confession that "the new tariff does not expose American workers by any means as much as was anticipated to the direct competition of foreign labor," is so "child-like and bland" as to be absolutely refreshing. There is no reference here to the effect of the cheapening of the raw materials by the removal of tariff tax from some of them and the reduction upon others, and the consequent cheapening of manufactured goods, thereby so largely increasing the demand for them. That wasn't a part of the explanation that the esteemed *Tribune* cared to refer to. But perhaps even the Republican high tariff organs will be compelled to admit after a while that the country can get along and exist without a high tariff.

* * *

The tramp is an outcast; nobody wants to see him come, everybody is is glad to see him leave. He is shunned by all, ostracized by communities, and in many cases made a criminal by law, although he has violated now law in his aimless wandering from place to place, subsisting as best he can. But aside from this, if the tramp is a nuisance to be shunned, ostracized or regarded as a criminal, who is responsible for him? He didn't make himself. He is not a tramp from choice, but from necessity. The same infernal legislation which made the scores of millionaires and multi-millionaires, made the tramp. There was no such thing in this country as a tramp up to 1861. There was no tramp during the war for there was use for every man then either in the armies or in the industries. No one ever saw or heard tell of a tramp until 1868 when at the dictates of the bond holders and money-lenders the policy of a contraction of the volume of money was inaugurated and the era of industrial depression and collapse began. Then the fires in the forges went out, the ring of the hammer ceased to be heard, thousands and thousands of workmen were turned loose to beg or steal, and then came the tramp, and we have him still, all over the land. You may shun the tramp, but don't abuse him. Hurl your maledictions at the cold-blooded, selfish conspirators who had the laws enacted that made the tramp.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— The son of a lottery man has married the granddaughter of the Vanderbilts. There's nothing like being "onto" the business, nothing like knowing the tricks of the trade. One less familiar with the mysterious operation of lotteries in general would probably have failed to pick out the $10,000,000 prize with his eyes shut.—*Chicago News, Ind.*

—— Notwithstanding the fact that Mr. Carlisle said, in a recent speech, that he is not an aspirant for any office, his name is being persistently put forward by some of his friends as a "Presidential possibility." Mr. Carlisle is a modest, and maybe an unambitious, man, but we feel warranted in saying that he would accept the Presidency if elected to it.—*Richmond Dispatch, Dem.*

—— Finding that the free silver movement was making great headway in the Democratic party, particularly in the South, President Cleveland and his advisers in his Cabinet set to work earnestly to combat the spread of financial heresy, and, from all reports, they are doing valiant service for the sound money cause. Why are men of equal importance and reputation in the Republican ranks silent? Cowardice never was a trait of honest Republicanism. It is extremely gratifying that the Union League of this city has resolved to enter the breach, when the Harrisons, the Reeds and the McKinleys are dodging sharp corners and absenting themselves from important conventions in order that their sentiments upon the momentous issue of the day may not be wrested from them.—*Phil. Ledger, Ind.*

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

—Charlotte *News*: Mr. George W. McDonald, a well known citizen of Mecklenburg, died at 11 o'clock this morning, at his home three miles west of the city. He was 82 years and six months old.

—Henderson *Gold Leaf*: Mr. Thomas A. Davis died at his home in this place at 8 o'clock Saturday afternoon. He had been sick a long time and had been confined to his bed since about the first of January.

—Forest City *Ledger*. The cotton crop in this section is very much behind and a good stand has been hard to obtain. ——The wheat crop, which is now being harvested, is unusually good. The heads are very heavy.

—Oxford *Ledger*: Our town was shocked at the sudden death on Thursday about 12 o'clock of Ed Morton, aged about 26, and a grandson of Mr. H. N. Hicks. He was found dead sitting on a box in the rear of M. F. Loonam's bar, and had been dead only a short time. A few minutes before he was talking to a colored man in the back room.

—Yadkin *Ripple*: Mr. G. M. Hobson, of this county, came into our office the other day and presented us with two pieces of metal of a white color which is too hard for lead, and which most people that have seen it pronounce to be silver. One of the pieces is almost a solid chunk and weighs about two ounces. This metal was found by Mr. Hobson where he had burned a log pile and the supposition is that it was hidden in one of the logs and melted. He has over a pound and did not then get all of it, as a boy says he plowed under the largest piece.

—Raleigh *Visitor*? Died Sunday morning at the residence of her son, Capt. J. T. Watts, Mrs. Lucy A. W. Carver, formerly of Fayetteville, N. C., and for the last eight years a resident of this city. She was 91 years and 27 days old. ——Kelley's grist and saw mill, near New Hill, Chatham county, was destroyed by fire Tuesday night last. In the same neighborhood about 150 trees and many grape vines in the orchard of United States Deputy Collector W. J. Oliver were destroyed by having the bark cut from them. The orchard was situated around Mr. Oliver's house and the trees were destroyed in this manner by the rascals in order to prevent detection.

TWINKLINGS.

— "Some men," said Uncle Eben, "kin whistle jes ernuff to make dah neighbors mis'ble an' not ernuff ter stop a street-car.—Washington *Star*.

— Voice of Experience—Grinnen—Dying at a hotel is, it seems to me, the saddest thing on earth.

Barrett—There is one thing sadder—living at a hotel.—*Chicago Tribune*.

—"He's only a representative as yet, but I think that in time he will become a power in politics."

"Good talker, is he?"

"No; keeps his mouth shut."—*N. Y. Press*.

—"What makes you think the world is changing?"

"Why, I've had a cold for two whole days, and nobody has offered me a sure cure for it."—*New York Press*.

—Cholly—You aw moah pwecious than diamonds.

Mildred—My! How did you discover that with no diamond near for comparison?—*Jeweler's Weekly*.

—I told Jones that there was one thing people living in Philadelphia ought to be thankful for, but he didn't ask me what it was.

He knew you were lying.—*Life*.

OLD NEWSPAPERS FOR SALE AT THIS office. Suitable for wrapping paper.

One Thing is Certain

There is no better cure in existence for Cramps, Cholera Morbus and all Summer Complaints than Pain-Killer. Good for all pains, aches and soreness, internal or external. One good trial will convince you that

PAIN-KILLER Kills Pain

You can get it anywhere at 25c a bottle (double the former quantity). See that the bottle bears the name Perry Davis & Son. No other is genuine.

June 8 6m

THE DRUMS.

Hark, I hear the foeman drums—their long rolls
Affright the quiet of the peaceful air
And startles quick memories in my soul
Of one who was both young and brave and fair;
And I never hear the drums beat
That I do not think of him.

Now from a southland battle came to me
Of the soldier who took my heart along—
Of how he bore himself full gallantly
Where siren bullets sang their witching song.
And I never hear the drums beat
That I do not think of him.

Life is but losing—be it soon or late.
The foeman marked him with avenging eye
Killed at the front! A man must face his fate.
The prize of battle is to grandly die.
And I never hear the drums beat
That I do not think of him.

My heart is throbbing with a mournful chime,
Calling, calling, in only echo comes,
The drums! The drums! I hear them all the time,
The throbbing and the music of the drums.
And I never hear the drums beat
That I do not think of him.

—Charles L. Holstein in Indianapolis Journal.

Sin Unattended.

The meals on board a sailing ship are perhaps monotonous enough to justify the chronic grumbling of sailors. Monday's dinners are all alike, Tuesday's and Wednesday's can be foretold, and so on through the list. And the sailors, having little to think of in smooth weather, eat—and grumble. As to the latter habit, a good story is told.

Once upon a time there lived a skipper whose wife told him that if she went to sea the poor sailors for whom she cooked would never find fault with their food. So her husband took her with him on his next voyage.

Now this good woman attended to the cooking herself, and the scouse was thick with fresh vegetables, the bread was white and destitute of weevils, the meat was good and the duff almost half plums, but still the men growled. Then the skipper's wife bethought her of the hens she had brought to lay eggs for her husband, and she killed and roasted them and sent them forward to the forecastle on the cabin china.

"At last," said she in triumph, "the men will know how seriously we consider their comfort."

At eight bells she stole forward to the fore scuttle to listen to the praises of her skill, and as she listened she looked down the hatch in time to see a big black fist plunge a fork into the hen the while a hoarse voice growled:

"I say, Bill, what d'ye think this bloomin fowl died of?"—Youth's Companion.

The Tricycle Ad. Writer.

A novel scheme for advertising is accomplished by means of the tricycle. A French inventor is using the machine for printing various trade statements on the pavements of Paris. This feat is accomplished by means of immense types set into the tire of the hind wheels of the machine. Ink is used in the printing and the type is made of rubber. Each rubber type is independently inserted in the wheel so that it can be removed and other type inserted. Thus the machine can be made to print any sentence whose length is not longer than the circumference of the wheel.

A reservoir, or fountain, of ink is situated back of the seat and flows to rollers, which bear on the top of the wheels. Then as the latter roll around the ink is conveyed to the pavement and the impression of the letters is left there. While the streets of Paris are traditionally clean, yet there is always enough dust which would be caught up by the ink faced type, a condition which would result very soon in the clogging of the machine. To prevent this a little blower, or bellows, is placed in front of each wheel, and as the machine moves it ejects wind enough to blow away all dust immediately in line with the wheel. The machine was shown at a recent exhibition of bicycles in Paris.—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

The Height of Clouds.

The very highest clouds, those called cirrus and cirrostratus, rise to the average height of about 30,000 feet. A second class keep at a height of from 10,000 to 28,000 feet above the earth, while the lower clouds usually float at a height seldom exceeding 5,000 feet. In the case of the last mentioned class of clouds the lower surface may be at a height not exceeding 3,000 to 4,000 feet, while their towering summit will be removed from the earth by not less than 16,000 feet. Professor Moller says that the vertical dimensions of a cloud will often exceed 10,000 feet, and that he has observed those which he had every reason to believe were not less than 26,000 feet thick.—St. Louis Republic.

A Street Car Napoleon.

Old Gentleman—Tell me, my friend, why are you so ugly to passengers?

Brutal Conductor—So they'll hate the street car company you employs me. See?

"N-no, not exactly."

"Why, when they hate the company, they'll just laugh to themselves when they see me chestin the company by not ringin up fares. See?"—New York Weekly.

Johnson's Magnetic Oil, horse brand is a powerful liniment especially prepared for external use for persons and all diseases of horses and cattle. $1:00 size 50c. 50c size 25c. J. H. HARDIN & J. HICKS BUNTING.

Cure for Headache.

As a remedy for all forms of Headache Electric Bitters has proved to be the very best. It effects a permanent cure and the most dreaded habitual sick headaches yield to its influence. We urge all who are afflicted to procure a bottle and give this remedy a fair trial. In cases of habitual constipation Electric Bitters cures by giving the needed tone to the bowels, and few cases long resist the use of this medicine. Try it once. Large bottles only Fifty cents at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store.

A SILVER COIN.

Hector Morot left his office at midnight and went into a cafe to get something to eat. When he had finished, he put a silver coin on the table ready for the waiter and turned round to pick up his stick.

The lights inside the cafe were being put out, so that everything was beginning to look very dreary. Just as Hector took a hand suddenly snatched up the silver coin and the thief immediately disappeared round the corner of the next street.

In an instant Hector drew another coin from his pocket, threw it on the table, called to the waiter and then started off in pursuit.

Hector was interested, for he was not much of a Parisian not to know that the man in front of him was not an ordinary pickpocket. He suddenly turned down one street, ran at full speed, and came out again under a lamp just as the wretched man reached it.

The man before him was apparently quite young, but his face was pale and pinched, and his black hair and mustache gave him a ghostlike look.

Hector, at the sight of such evident misery, felt as though he himself had been guilty of some crime, and when the wretched man held out the silver coin to his accuser, without attempting to offer a word of apology, but with an expression of utter despair in his sunken eyes, our journalist could not find a word to say.

He took the coin, put it in his purse and then pressed the purse into the man's hands and made off himself as though he had been the thief.

After ten years of up hill work and struggle Hector had gained for himself an important position as journalist and art critic.

In spite of his success and his fame the first hard years of struggle had left their traces on him. There was always a touch of melancholy which he never quite succeeded in throwing off. He had seen the comedy of human life too near, and it is, alas, no comedy for those who are behind the scenes.

On this bright May day, however, Hector was quite gay as he entered Ledoyen's restaurant. It was the opening day of the salon, and there was an animated discussion going on among a group of artists, sculptors and journalists as to the respective merits of the works exhibited this year.

Somewhat absently, and yet with the easy cordiality of a man accustomed to society, Hector answered the various greetings and then took his customary place at a small table, where Paul Nielsacq, the young landscape painter, and Charles Zirtius, the aquarellist, were waiting for him.

"Why, Hector," exclaimed Paul, "you look positively radiant this morning. What has happened and what have you been doing?"

"Why, precisely the same as every one else. I have been looking at pictures and sculpture, but I have discovered one piece which has done me good for the whole day. A perfect masterpiece, an inspiration."

"There certainly are some fine things this year in the salon, but in my opinion there is no one that surpasses all, one such as we only get once in about ten years—I mean Jean Meunier's 'Wreck.'"

A murmur of approval was heard from the other tables as Hector pronounced the young sculptor's name.

During the dessert Charles Zirtius got up from the table and went across to the other end of the restaurant. He soon returned, accompanied by a tall, handsome man of about 30, well dressed and bearing the unmistakable stamp of a gentleman.

His dark, deep set, brown eyes were full of restless energy, but there was an expression of earnestness in them which almost amounted to sadness. This morning, however, his dusky oval face was lighted up with happiness. Fame had appeared to him. Glory had touched him with her wings.

"Hector," said Charles, "I want to introduce my friend to you, Jean Meunier."

The journalist rose quickly and shook hands warmly with the young sculptor.

"I must thank you," he said, "for the enjoyment I have had this morning. Your 'Wreck' is a marvelous work of art, and I certainly think I have never felt so much pleasure in seeing a piece of sculpture as in that."

During the conversation Hector looked hard at Jean, trying to recall where and when he had seen this refined face with the intense expression in the dark eyes.

Finally he decided that he may to some one else, and he got so interested in the conversation of the three artists that he forgot it at last and ceased to ransack his memory. Gradually the tables around were deserted, and Hector called the waiter and paid the bill.

He left some change on the table for the waiter's pourboire, and seeing that he had not picked up a small silver coin half hidden by a plate he called him back, saying, "Take this too."

Suddenly Jean Meunier looked at it and then at Hector. His pale face became still paler, the expression in his eyes still more intense, a shudder ran through him and at the same time the memory of an autumn wretched face seen on a November evening by the light of a street lamp, ten years ago, flashed across Hector.

They were all getting up from the table. He smiled sympathetically at the young sculptor and held out his hand, which the latter grasped and wrung silently, but with gratitude of his whole soul.

Hector and Jean were from this day forth firm friends, and the sculptor told the story of the utter misery and poverty he had been in when Hector's timely and sympathetic help had rescued him from despair and his beautiful young sister from death.

Hector was a frequent visitor at the sculptor's studio, and he often joined the brother and sister at their dinner table.

The tinge of melancholy gradually disappeared from his face, and one morning she following announcement was seen in the papers:

"The marriage of the eminent critic, Hector Morot, with Mlle. Helena Meunier, the sister of Jean Meunier, the well known sculptor of 'The Wreck,' is shortly to take place."—Standard.

Making Converts.

"I had a long argument with Jinx this morning," said the controversial man, "and I convinced him."

"So he told me."

"Ha! He acknowledged it to you, did he?"

"Yes. He said he'd rather be convinced than talked to death any day."—Washington Star.

Wit a la Mode.

An Irishman's definition of wit: "Wit is the lava which comes from the mouth of a lively crater."

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Waste of Material.

A well known congressman, who had been a farmer before he went into politics, was visiting his district, not long ago, and in his rambles he saw a man in a stumpy patch of ground trying to get a plow through it.

He went over to him, and after a brief salutation asked the privilege of making a turn or two with the plow. The native shook his head doubtfully as he looked at his visitor's store clothes and general air of elegant leisure, but he let him take the plow. The congressman sailed away with it in fine style, and plowed four or five furrows before the owner of the field could recover from his surprise. Then he pulled up and handed the handles to the original holder.

"By gravy, mister," said the farmer admiringly, "air you in the aggerculteral business?"

"No," laughed the statesman.

"You ain't sellin plows?"

"No."

"Then what in thunder air you?"

"I'm the member of congress from this district."

"Ah! you the man I voted for and that I've been readin about in the papers doin legislatin and sich in Washin'ton?"

"Yes."

"Well, by hatey, mister," said the farmer, as he looked with admiration over the recently plowed furrows, "if I'd 'a' had any idea that I was votin for a waste of sich good farmin material, I'd voted for the other candidate as shore as shootin!"—Youth's Companion.

Couldn't Tell Her All.

"Harold," she said, "the letter you wrote me while you were out of the city was beautiful. I was proud to receive it."

"Were you?" he responded, his eyes glowing with pleasure.

"Yes, and yet I could not help feeling that it was not yourself."

"Didn't you recognize the handwriting?"

"Yes, but I felt that you were not speaking to me just as you felt—that there were things in your mind which you did not say."

"Oh or—of course. It was certainly clever of you to discover that. You see, I couldn't tell you all that was in my mind. I wrote that letter with a fountain pen."—Washington Star.

Male Versus Female Brains.

Professor Bishop of London was the most violent of the present century opponents of woman suffrage, one of his arguments being that the average weight of a man's brain was 1,350 grains, while that of a woman of the average was only 1,260. The professor died in 1893, and when his own brain was weighed it only tipped 1,255 grains, five grains less than what he had declared to be the female average.—St. Louis Republic.

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally, in making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately a possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—	
2-lb Jute	6
Standard	7@7½
WESTERN SMOKED—	
Hams ₩ lb	12½@ 14
Sides ₩ lb	8@9 10
Shoulders ₩ lb	10 8½
DRY SALTED—	
Sides ₩ lb	7 6¼
Shoulders ₩ lb	6½@6¾
BARRELS— Spirits Turpentine—	
Second hand each	0 15
New New York, each	1 35 @ 1 40
New City, each	1 40
BEESWAX ₩ lb	25
BRICKS—	
Wilmington, ₩ M	6 50 @ 7 00
Northern	8 00 @ 10 00
BUTTER—	
North Carolina, ₩ lb	15
Northern	12 @ 13
CORN MEAL—	
Per bushel, in sacks	55 @56
Virginia Meal	55 @ 60
COTTON TIES— ₩ bundle	1 @ 1 10
CANDLES— ₩ lb—	
Sperm	18 @ 20
Adamantine	12 @ 13
CHEESE— ₩ lb—	
Northern Factory	10 @ 11
Dairy, Cream	11 @ 12
State	10 @ 10
COFFEE— ₩ lb—	
Laguyra	20 @ 20
Rio	15 @ 16
DOMESTICS—	
Sheeting, 4-4, 7 yards	5½
Yarns, ₩ bunch	1 @ 1 20
EGGS— ₩ dozen	10
FISH—	
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ barrel	22 00 @ 23 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ half-barrel	11 00 @ 12 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ₩ barrel	18 00 @ 19 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ₩ half-barrel	9 00 @ 10 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ₩ barrel	12 00 @ 13 00
Mullets, ₩ barrel	3 25 @ 3 50
Mullets, ₩ pork barrel	5 50 @ 6 00
Roe Shad, ₩ barrel	3 50 @ 4 00
Dry Cod, ₩ lb	5 @ 10
Extra	3 25 @ 3 50
Second Patent	3 00 @ 4 00
City Mills—Straight	3 50 @ 4 00
Family	3 25 @ 3 75
FLOUR— ₩ barrel—	
Low grade	3 25 @ 3 75
Choice	3 75 @ 4 10
Straight	4 70 @ 4 85
First Patent	5 00 @ 5 25
GLUE— ₩ lb	7@10 10
GRAIN— ₩ bushel—	
Corn, from store, bags—White	65 @ 67½
Corn, cargo, in bulk—White	60
Corn, cargo, in bags—White	65
Oats, from store	50 @ 55
Oats, Rust Proof	50
Cow Peas	90 @ 1 00
HIDES, ₩ lb—	
Dry	6 @ 7
Dry	5 @ 5½
HAY, ₩ 100 lbs—	
Eastern	1 00
Western	95 @ 1 00
HOOP IRON, ₩ lb	2 @ 3½
LARD, ₩ lb—	
Northern	7@8 8
North Carolina	6@7 7
LIME, ₩ barrel	1 25
LUMBER (City sawed), ₩ M feet—	
Ship Stuff, Merchantable	18 00 @ 20 00
Rough-Edge Plank	15 00 @ 16 00
West India cargoes, according to assortment	
Scantling and Board, coastwise	13 00 @ 15 00
Dressed Flooring, coastwise	18 00 @ 20 00
Scantling and Board, coastwise	14 00 @ 15 00
MOLASSES, ₩ gallon—	
New Crop Cuba, in hhds	30
in bbls	35
Porto Rico, in hhds	28
in bbls	30
Sugar-House, in hhds	18
in bbls	20
Syrup, in bbls	18
NAILS, ₩ keg, Cut, 60d basis	1 00 @ 1 10
ORK, ₩ bbl—	
City Mess	18 50
Rump	15 00 @ 16 00
Prime	15 00
OPE, ₩ lb	10 @ 12
ALT, Alum, ₩ sack	75
Liverpool	1 00
in bags	45
SHINGLES, ₩ bundle—	
Cypress	5 00 @ 7 00
Common	2 50 @ 3 00
Cypress Heart	5 00 @ 6 00
SUGAR, ₩ lb— Standard ₩ gal	4½
Granulated	5
White Ex. C	4½
Golden C	4
Yellow	3½
TAR, ₩ barrel	2 00 @ 2 10
TAR, ₩ M—W. O. Barrel	3 00 @ 3 25
W. O. Hogshead	5 00 @ 6 00
TIMBER, ₩ M feet—Shipping	7 00 @ 8 00
Mill, Fair	6 50 @ 7 00
Mill, Prime	8 50 @ 9 00
Coarse Mill	5 00 @ 5 50
Inferior to Ordinary	4 00 @ 4 50
TALLOW, ₩ lb	3½ @ 4
WHISKEY, 4 gallon—Northern	1 00 @ 1 10
North Carolina	1 00 @ 1 00
WOOL, ₩ lb—Washed	14
Clear of burs	12½@ 13
Burry	8 @ 10

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, June 14.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Firm at 36 cents per gallon for country and 36½ cents for standard casks.

ROSIN—Market firm at $1 15 per bbl. for Strained and $1 20 for Good Strained.

TAR—Market steady at $1 20 per bbl. of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Market quiet at $1 20 for Hard, $1 80 for Yellow Dip and $2 35 for Virgin.

COTTON—Nothing doing.

Ordinary	4½ cts ₩ lb
Good Ordinary	5¾ "
Low Middling	6 7-16 "
Middling	6¾ "
Good Middling	7 5-16 "

Receipts to-day—
Spirits Turpentine, 265 casks
Rosin, 1,038 bbls
Tar, 122 bbls
Crude Turpentine, 69 bbls

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, June 25—Evening—Money on call steady, firmer at 1@2 per cent., last loan at 1½ per cent and closing offered at 1½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3@3½ per cent. Sterling exchange was easier; actual business in bankers bills at 488½@488¾ for sixty days and 489¼@489½ for demand. Commercial bills 487½@488¼. Government bonds firm; United States coupon fours 113½; United States twos 97 bid. Statebonds quiet; North Carolina fours 103; North Carolina sixes 125; Railroad bonds strong.

Silver at the Stock Exchange to-day was dull.

COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, June 25—Evening—Cotton steady; middling gulf 7¼c, middling uplands 7c.

Futures closed steady, with sales to-day of 243,200 bales; June 6.88@6.70c, July 6.67@6.70c, August 6.72@6.73c, September 6.77@6.78c, October 6.81@6.82c, November 6.84@6.85c, December 6.89@6.90c, January 6.94@6.95, February 6.99@7.01c, March 7.04@7.06.

Net receipts — bales, gross receipts 1,127 bales, exports to Great Britain 2,254 bales, exports to France — bales, exports to the Continent 1,051 bales, forwarded 113 bales, sales 4,324 bales, sales to spinners 3,824 bales, stock (actual) 205,265 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 2,617 bales, exports to Great Britain — bales, exports to France — bales, exports to the Continent 1,051 bales, stock 434,439 bales.

Total so far this week—Net receipts 3,456 bales, exports to Great Britain 4,093 bales, to France 50 bales, to the Continent 3,090 bales, to the Channel — bales.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 2,883,507 bales, exports to Great Britain 3,375,371 bales, exports to France 770,986 bales, exports to the Continent 2,385,010 bales.

Flour dull and weak at quotations, winter wheat, low grades $2 70@3 30, fair to fancy grades $3 50@4 00, patents $4 20@4 50, Minnesota clear $3 10@3 40, do. patents $3 90@4 75, low extras $2 70@3 30, city mills —, Southern flour was dull and weak; common to fair extra $2 40@3 15, good to choice do. $3 20@4 00. Wheat—spot market dull, firmer with options; No. 2 red in store and at elevator 75@75½c, afloat 76¼@76½c, options opened weak and declined 1¼@1½c, rallied 2@2½c, closing firm at 1½@1¾c over yesterday, with trading fair; No. 3 red May (1896) 81¾; June 75¼c, September 76¾c. Corn—spot dull and firmer; No. 2 at elevator 63¾c; afloat 63¾@64c; options ruled dull and irregular and closed firm at ½c advance; July 53c, August 54, September 54¼. Oats—spot more active and firmer; options quiet and firm; June 29½c, July 30½c, September 30¾c; spot—No. 2, 29½@30; No. 3 white 31@33¼; mixed Western 30@32c. Wool was in fair demand and firm; domestic fleece 15@19; pulled 12@30c; Texas 9@13. Beef inactive; family $11 00@13 00; extra mess $9 00; beef hams easy at $18 00@18 50; tierced beef dull; city extra India mess $17 00@18 00, as to quality. Cut meats strong; demand fair; pickled bellies 6¾; pickled shoulders 5¾@5¾c; pickled hams 9¼@9¾c; middles nominal. Lard quiet, stronger; Western steam closed at $6 73½; city $6 05@6 13½; no option sales; refined lard firm; Continent $7 05, South America $7 40; compound $5 00@5 37½. Pork firm demand better; mess $13 25@14 00; extra prime nominal. Butter in moderate demand and steady; State dairy 11@17c; do. creamery 17½

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The Morning Star.

A LIFE'S EPILOGUE.

I turn the tiny key and scan with care
My reliquary's treasure unbeholden.
I tell their tale, those hoarded locks of hair,
The sheeny black, the silver gray, the golden.

What envy I yon singers, lofty throned,
Who voice each mood in life's eternal proem!
No sweeter love than mine their lips have moaned.
They sang their songs—but I have lived my poem.
—Grant Allen.

SOUL FRIENDS.

They had been mutually attracted at once. At least, so Sada fondly believed. It was not hard for Sada to believe a thing when she wanted it to be so.

"He isn't at all my ideal man physically," she explained to her cousin Tom. She was telling him, because he was the only person she knew to whom she could talk with absolute freedom. The fact that Tom loved her did not interfere with their friendship. She made a business of forgetting all about Tom's love. She had a happy faculty for forgetting everything she wanted to forget.

"He is little, round shouldered and not the least bit in the world handsome, but, oh, how my soul goes out to him!" she sighed.

"Tom, dear," she went on after a little, touching her cousin's cheek caressingly, "do you believe in reincarnation?"

"I've never thought about it," Tom answered. That touch of Sada's hand had made his heart beat wildly in spite of her frequent assurance that her caresses were only given him in a sisterly way.

"Hendrick and I must have been twins in another life. How else could we have known each other so well from the first?" Sada mused.

"And when are you going to marry him?" asked Tom in a husky voice, which he tried to make sound matter of fact.

Sada looked at him pathetically.

"How can you, Tom? I should think you would know I did not mean anything of that sort. I'm disappointed in you, Tom. Such a thing as marriage has never been mentioned between Hendrick and me and never will be!"

Tom was silent a moment, then inquired in a hesitating way, as if he were not quite sure how she would take his question:

"Did you ever pat his cheek as you did mine a moment ago?"

A rush of color came into Sada's face.

"Of course not," she answered emphatically. "I'm not given to doing such things. Only there is something about your silly old face that tempts me when I am with you, but with Hendrick it is different. It is his soul that I care for."

Tom's first expression of relief was followed by one of mournfulness. What if Sada did speak in this way now? Of course she would be betrothed soon to the man whose soul had attracted hers.

A season passed, during which daily letters were exchanged between the soul friends. As the hour approached for them to meet again Sada could hardly wait for it.

"Tom, dear, I am so happy! I have been counting even the minutes," Sada said, when her faithful cousin put her in the car that was to take her to Summer Vale Springs, the trysting place.

"Aunt Lucy was slightly indisposed yesterday, and I almost killed her with attention for fear she would not be able to travel today," she added. "Now, kiss me, Tom, and hurry away, or you may be carried off when the train starts."

When Tom stood on the platform beside her window, she cried out:

"Smile! How dare you look solemn, you selfish boy, when I'm so happy?"

The journey was very trying. She couldn't read, and there was no Tom to talk to. Aunt Lucy was no company. She was too poor a traveler.

When Summer Vale Springs was reached, the soul brother was at the depot to help Sada off. She gazed jealously into his face, but did not tell him how she had counted the hours.

Then began those delightful talks and walks. So much new music had to be conned, so many new books discussed. One day Sada made an unusually becoming toilet and asked Hendrick cautiously how she looked. He studied her attentively, and she found herself waiting breathlessly for his answer.

That night she wrote to poor, long suffering Tom: "Our friendship—Hendrick's and mine—is more ideal than ever. It is so soul satisfying." And Tom sighed as he said to himself, "She will tell me of her engagement in her next letter."

At the end of the first week Sada said to Hendrick:

"I am making the most of my time—getting all of your life that I can. Soon you will tell your love to one of the many girls who cross your path, and she may object to our friendship." As she listened for his answer her heart almost ceased to beat.

"No," Hendrick said slowly, "I don't think I shall. It is probable that I shall never marry."

That night Sada cried herself to sleep. The next morning she tried to find out why she had cried.

"It is because I am a woman, and women are senseless about some things," she told herself furiously.

A few days later Alice Baudret arrived at the Springs. Hendrick remarked that she was one of the most beautiful girls he had ever seen. A dreadful pain shot through Sada's heart, and she fell into the clutches of the demon jealousy for the first time in her life. She had never liked Alice, voting her "a stupid," but now she cultivated her society assiduously, to the great delight of the fair girl, who had always longed to be more intimate with "clever Miss Sada."

One day Hendrick and Alice were discovered rehearsing a vocal duet from a piece of sheet music belonging to Sada. For awhile Sada felt moved to do Alice some serious injury, but instead she simply burned the printed score when next she could lay hands upon it.

"I wonder if I could wound Hendrick as he wounds me?" Sada mused one evening, and then and there resolved to put the matter to the test with the first attractive newcomer at the Springs. The necessary victim arrived in the person of Frederic West, one of Hendrick's old and tried friends.

West was an Adonis, and admiration was lavished on him everywhere, but he fell into the trap Sada laid for him, and no wonder. Sada was noted for her powers of fascination. The Springs saw the other side of it. The gossips said that "Miss Banks was caught at last."

Hendrick looked on for some time in silence. Then he gave his one sign. With his eyes calmly fixed on Sada's he said:

"You are only playing with Fred, but he is in earnest." And Sada's heart grew heavy and hopeless. West was no longer encouraged. Stung by the change in her manner, he loved her more wildly than ever.

One evening Sada slipped quietly into the music hall. It was apart from the hotel and cottages—a place Hendrick frequented of late when the rest of the company were busy with their own amusements elsewhere. He loved to seat himself at the piano and let his fingers wander over the keys as they would in the gathering darkness. "I must hear him play when he fancies he is all alone. Perhaps I may find out something he is hiding from me," she whispered as she stole into the room and concealed herself in a dark corner.

Soon Hendrick came in. Ah, how he played! And as Sada listened and listened her soul thrilled in response to the music. The small cares of life fell from her shoulders. Every lofty ambition she had ever cherished came back and possessed her. She was filled with a beautiful new joy. She longed to go to Hendrick, to put her arms around his neck, to say "I know! I know!"

Some one came into the hall, and Sada shrank farther back into her dark corner. The intruder was Frederic West.

"Old fellow, I want to ask you something," West said to his friend. "You know how I love Sada Banks. Why has she changed so suddenly? What makes her hold me at such a distance now?"

At the sound of his voice Sada was stirred with a deep shame for what she had done. It had been so cruelly unnecessary, so unworthy of her better self! Then she listened, with every nerve on edge. What would Hendrick say? Was this to be the hour of her triumph? Would Hendrick frankly explain that he was hers, and she was his?

"Fred," Hendrick answered gently, "forgive me for what I am about to tell you. I cannot say the same things to any other man, but you will understand me. Sada Banks has led you on, thinking to avenge herself upon me. She would do anything to make me suffer. She loves me. She will wreck her whole life one day because she loves me!"

A fierce anger took the place of shame in Sada's heart. Oh, what would she not give if she could strike down this man who had laid bare the weakness of her soul to another. As West left the hall she went quickly to Hendrick.

"I heard all that you told that man about me," she said in a voice so frigid that she shivered as she spoke. "It may be just as well for your self love to tell you now that you are in error; that I do not care for you in the least. I never did. I have only amused myself playing at friends with you, just as I have amused myself making your friend love me! Why," and she forced a laugh, with only a mockery of merriment in it, "I have been for years the promised wife of my cousin, a good man, a man of honor. The day for our wedding is already fixed."

Perhaps it was her laugh that betrayed her, or perhaps it was the better view of her face which the first beams of the rising moon gave him at that moment, but Hendrick knew that she had lied.

The next day she stood before him to say farewell. He looked intently into her face as though reading it. She carried his look with her until she died.

"What did he mean to say to me?" she sobbed as the train hurried her away from him. "What did he mean?" she asked herself again when, two days later, she stood beside Tom and called heaven to witness that she would love, honor and obey him till death should part them one from another.

Foolish, happy Tom! She said to him the moment they met, "If you will marry me tomorrow, you may," and he had taken her at her word.

"What did he mean?" she asked herself again and again as the years went by. She is asking it yet. One day, when she is born into that other life, where souls know as they are known, she may cease to ask it, but not till then.

Meanwhile she is not unhappy. Good, faithful Tom walks beside her and smooths her way. Tiny arms twine themselves about her neck. Prosperity attends her. It is only the ever present question that keeps her just a little short of satisfaction.—Kate Field's Washington.

Loss of the Musical Faculty.

"Amusia," or loss of the musical faculty, has been reviewed by Professor Edgren of Stockholm. The disease proves to be strictly analogous to aphasia, the loss of speech, which may or may not accompany it. Two general forms are recognized—the sensory form, where tones cannot be appreciated by the ear or notes read by the eye, and the motor form, in which the patient cannot sing, play or write notes. Ballet places the expression of music between the emotional and the artificial or verbal language. Music is less complicated and earlier appreciated than speech. Many children sing before they speak, and Reyer has told of a child of 9 months who could repeat the notes exactly as played on the piano, while Dvorak, the musical composer, is said to have had a son who sang the "Fatinitza" march with his nurse at the age of 1 year.—London Public Opinion.

THE FOLLIES OF FASHION.

Men as Reckless as Women In the Matter of Healthful Clothing.

Leaving out of the question for the present the costume of women, we may call attention to that of man. At the present time it is the fashion to leave the chest more exposed than any other part of the body. In the front the waistcoat is open over the lower part of the throat and in place of being made of uniform thickness at the back there is only a mere lining.

But the exposure is much worse when man assumes evening dress. During the daytime when a man is going about in the open air on his business or pleasure he wears thick woolen clothes, with stout boots and warm socks or stockings. At night he puts on very thin clothes, a vest which is positively no protection whatever, very thin shoes, possibly silk stockings, relinquishes his gaiters and goes out in the open air without the possibility of efficient protection on his way to a concert, a theater or a dinner party, and then, as our contemporary The Lancet says, congratulates himself that he is not as those silly women who go about with the upper part of their chests bare.

Speaking with medical authority, The Lancet adds:

"We are certain, however, that men catch cold from wearing evening dress far more than women do, and it behooves all who go out in the evening to keep the legs and feet warm as well as the upper part of the body and to wear an extra vest to make up for the practical disappearance of the waistcoat."

There is no denying the absolute truth of these very sensible remarks. The follies of fashion are not confined to women, and consequently both sexes have to pay the penalty for indulging in them.—London Queen.

Old Japanese Timepieces.

Both Japan and China have long since well earned the sobriquet of the "Lands of Opposites," and they are just as "opposite" in the matter of timepieces as anything else. The Japanese have two styles of clocks—the so called "long clock," with hands fastened to a slide regulated by a descending weight which marks time on a long, narrow, upright dial, and the "round clock," with stationary hands and movable dial. In case of the "long clock" it is necessary to "set" it according to the varying lengths of the days, and for this purpose six dials are furnished with each clock. These are lengthened or shortened according to the time of year, and some are made so that the pointer or hand slide, which moves downward during the day, starts upon an upward trip as soon as the sun sets. All of the round clocks are provided with a spring attachment, which only needs to be touched at sunset in order to make the dial run backward during the hours of the night.—St. Louis Republic.

Calhoun's voice was sharp, rasping and not pleasant to hear. His gesticulations were rapid and far from graceful, and he had a way of emphasizing a point by jerking his tall body backward and forward in a most active and inelegant way.

Poe had a long, thin face, with small, almost invisible mustache. His features gave little indication of the habits of dissipation that blighted his life.

ALTERED LOVE.

"I say, old man, I met your wife the other day—hadn't seen her since you were married—it's about eight years ago now, I suppose—and, by Jove, I scarcely recognized her! How tremendously she's altered."

"Altered—how?" asked Willoughby.

"Well, she looked so ill—awfully ill—and—and"—

"And what?"

"Well, unhappy, old man, I thought. In fact, as I told you, I couldn't believe it was that same smiling little Ellis girl whom I used to meet at dances."

And now Ralph Willoughby was ruminating over those remarks of Thornton's. The curious thing was that he had not noticed himself that his wife looked at all unwell. Once or twice lately, it is true, it had struck him that she was getting very plain, but nothing more. Still, Thornton's impression must have been the right one. "And unhappy." That was what worried him most. Could it be possible that she was not happy? It had never occurred to him to think about that before. "The same smiling little Ellis girl whom I used to meet at dances." These words had touched a chord in his memory. He closed his eyes and saw her again as she was on the night when he had proposed to her. Ah! And he remembered, too—what a blunt, inconsiderate wretch one's memory is!—how, when he had declared that she was the sweetest little girl he had ever met, she had said:

"Ah, you love me for my looks. If I were ugly, you would not care for me."

And he had denied it at the time—had sworn that it was not so. Now he realized with a start that she had been right, for of late there was no doubt that he had felt not the slightest affection for her. At times the sight of her had almost repelled him. They had become estranged. He never petted her now, never used a word of endearment. In fact, when he came to think of it, he had been a bit of a brute. For how could the poor, little woman help getting ugly? It no doubt pained her even more than him. Thornton had said she looked unhappy. In all probability she was unhappy. Left alone all day, while he was in the city, how terribly dull it must have been for her.

It would have been different, of course, if there had been children. Perhaps that, too, had been a secret trouble to her. He recollected now, with a pang of remorse, that once when they had had words he had been cad enough to twit her with that. Even in the evenings again he would as often as not go off to the club. And when he staid at home he scarcely exchanged a word with her. What a selfish beast he had been! He had never even taken the trouble to think whether she was happy or not. And she, being a woman and having little to occupy herself with, had consequently all the more time for reflection, and doubtless constantly thought of the difference between then and now. Well, he felt grateful to Thornton for the rude awakening he had given him.

He rose and put on his hat and coat. He had made a resolution. He would go home at once, and for the future he would treat his wife as he used to in the early days—with all the affectionate words and caresses of the honeymoon days. Poor little woman! He had half a mind to ask the waiter to punch his head.

It was with a light heart that Ralph Willoughby left the club. There was to be a renaissance of love.

He surprised her looking over some tradesmen's account books.

"Oh, is that you? You're early," she said.

"Yes, dear little woman," he replied, "I thought it a shame to leave you all alone, darling."

And he patted her cheek and kissed her quite tenderly.

"Another night, Ralph, I wouldn't have quite so much to drink. Hadn't you better go to bed?"

He felt as if he had been stabbed. He looked at her. Bah! She was ugly—terribly ugly.

He went to bed.—Pick Me Up.

A Huge Joke.

One night as I was hurrying through Washington street I met two of the headquarters detectives walking along with a young negro between them. It was easy to see that he was under arrest, yet as I passed he laughed merrily and said:

"Good evenin, Mr. Smith."

"Good evening," I replied, though I did not recognize the voice or the face of my Senegambian acquaintance.

The next afternoon, when I went into the barber shop, the negro porter began to laugh heartily. "Saw you out pretty late last night, Mr. Smith," he said.

Then I knew that Sam, the porter, was the prisoner of the night before. He proceeded to explain that he had been arrested by mistake and honorably discharged. He had been suspected of committing a burglary in Olean, but had no difficulty in proving that he was in Buffalo on the night of the crime.

"I am glad to hear you got free, Sam," I said, "but what were you laughing about so heartily when I met you?"

"I was chucklin to think of the joke I had on them fool detectives. Heah they had been to the trouble of comin to my house at midnight, wakin me up and hustlin me off to the police station. Of cohse I knowed all the time as I wasn't the fellah they wanted, but they didn't know it, so the laugh was on 'em."—Buffalo Express.

Paul Jones' Famous Answer.

Miss Molly Elliot Seawell in a sketch of "Paul Jones," in The Century, quotes a portion of Jones' own account of the battle between the Bon Homme Richard and the Serapis:

"I directed the fire of one of the three Cannon against the mainmast With double headed Shot While the other two Were exceedingly well served with grape and Canister shot to Silence the Enemie's musquetry and clear her Decks which was at last effected. the Enemy Were, as I have since understood, on the instant of Calling for quarter, When the cowardice or treachery of three of my under officers induced them to call to the Enemy, the English Commodore asked me if I demanded quarter, and I having answered him in the most determined negative, they renewed the battle with redoubled fury."

What Paul Jones calls a "most determined negative" was the celebrated answer that will ever mark him as one of the bravest of the brave. The two ships lying head and stern enveloped in smoke as they repeatedly caught fire from each other, and neither one in position to fire an effective shot, a sudden and awful silence ensued. Presently a call came from the Serapis, "Have you struck?" to which Paul Jones answered, "I have not yet begun to fight!"

Catherine of Russia was never a handsome woman, and late in life showed traces of dissipation in her countenance.

A Wonder of Coloring In Flowers.

The editor of "Notes For the Curious" recently read a wonderful (?) account of a bunch of roses kept in a New York herbarium, which still retain their original color, notwithstanding the fact that they were cut from the parent stalk three years and one month before the signing of our Declaration of Independence. The editor of the paper in which the notice appeared, he no doubt considering it the "eighth wonder of the world," asked if any reader could give information concerning a case in which roses or other flowers had retained their natural colors for so long a time.

We would state that we have seen well preserved wreaths and garlands of lotus, red and yellow poppies, and other unclassified flowers which were found on Egyptian mummies known to have been dead over 3,000 years. The red poppies were but a shade lighter than those dried and pressed but a month or a year before, and in the case of the yellow variety there was no distinguishable difference between those from the ancient tombs and specimens which had been dried but a week. If the editor who refers to the colonial roses as wonders will visit the Egyptian museum at Cairo, he will find dried colored flowers of sufficient antiquity to excite his wonder.—St. Louis Republic.

Washington had a slow, deliberate way of speaking. His voice was low but strong; his words were always well chosen and his tones carefully modulated.

SWIMMING IN SAMOA.

How the Dusky Kanaka Maidens Enjoy Themselves at Christmas.

Existence in Samoa is something different from what is understood by "real life." Each village has a chief maiden, sacred as a queen bee, very beautiful and attended by dwarfs and hunchbacks, as in the fairy tales. There are also water fairies. Here is an account of them on a Christmas morning, from a lady's book on "In Stevenson's Samoa:" "As soon as we arrived all Lau Lii's cousins and nieces, who happened to be visiting her, came rushing down from the house, and in a minute had shaken off their pretty holiday dresses and wound bright colored lava lavas round their bodies with such cunning and art that no matter how strongly the river might be running, or in what violent attitudes they might find themselves, the utmost decorum and propriety were maintained. Soon the fun began, the pretty, bright eyed, brown skinned girls climbing up on the branch of a huge tree and turning somersaults, one after another, into the deep, rushing river below.

"They precipitated themselves into the water every way, except head foremost, with which method they were enchanted, and asked us again and again to repeat our diving. And they worked hard trying to do likewise, but always turned somersault or made some gyration infinitely more difficult in their efforts to take an ordinary dive. There was great laughter and merrymaking at these water parties. Sometimes one would catch a large prawn and pursue another in the water, holding up the monster, with its great antennæ stretching out eight inches or more.

"This morning Lau Lii suggested we should try who could sit longest on the bottom of the river. None of us could stay down at all. Then our hostess disappeared below. When the water cleared, we could see her calmly sitting on the shingle and twisting her masses of black curling hair on the top of her head. It seemed an age to us spectators before she rose and came smiling to the surface, not the least disturbed or out of breath, and when asked how she did it answered:

"'Oh, I just put big stone in my lap.'"

Etiquette of the Table.

Although in America we have no hereditary aristocracy to dictate rules of conduct or what constitutes elegance of manners, there are persons of native refinement and good taste who have had experience of other lands and peoples who may be trusted as examples, writes Mrs. Burton Kingsland in The Ladies' Home Journal. These have their "shibboleths," their criterions of breeding, that are well defined. A man that takes mashed potato with his terrapin and orders a large cup of coffee with milk at the conclusion of his dinner may be a more worthy member of society, a finer specimen of mankind than the "gilded youth" of fashionable circles, but he would not be regarded as a man of refinement, hardly as a gentleman, by the privileged classes either here or in Europe.

The Catbird.

One of the most maligned of all birds is the catbird. Here is a case of give a dog a bad name and hang it. The popular opinion is that the catbird is a flirt, a thief, jealous and all that is mean; instead of that he is a beautiful singer, and most interesting and useful and helpful to other birds. Says Mrs. Olive Thorne Miller: "I saw one of these birds take charge of two orphans and bring them up. Another one I knew had built her nest in a honeysuckle that clambered about the trellised entrance to the house. If a cat appeared anywhere around, the catbird would fly to the window of my room and follow me until I had driven the marauder off the premises."—Philadelphia Ledger.

Seasonable Goods.

In store, and arriving daily, a choice selection of seasonable goods. We have on hand

RAISINS of every variety, from 8c to 25c per pound.
CITRON, from 15c to 25c per lb.
CURRENTS, all prices, all grades.
NUTS, all prices, all grades.

We would like to call special attention to our assortment of the above goods.

CHEESE—Switzer, Roquefort, Neufchetel, Framage de Bric, Edam, Pineapple, English Dairy and American Cream. All fresh and of finest quality.

Plum Pudding and Mince Meat.

Cakes and Crakers. A beautiful variety of all kinds, too great an assortment to specify. Will have to be seen to be appreciated.

The above are only a few of our specialties. Our assortment is complete and we invite all to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

With four wagons we can deliver promptly.

THE JOHN L. BOATWRIGHT CO'
WILMINGTON N. C.
Telephone No. 14.   dec 9 tf

MAXTON BUILDING —AND— LOAN ASSOCIATION,
Maxton, N. C.

DIRECTORS.
J. D. Croom, Maxton.
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The attention of investors in Wilmington is called to the fact that the average profits on Six Series of Stock in this Association have been over

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Subscriptions to Stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 Cents per Share.

The management is prudent and economical, as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars.

J. D. CROOM, President.
W. B. HARKER, Secretary.
June 8 lm

Seacoast Railroad.

Schedule in Effect June 1, 1895.

Trains leave Princess street Station at 6.30 a. m, 10 a. m., 3.00, 5.10 and 7.15 p. m.
Trains leave Ocean View at 7.30 a. m., 11.00 a. m., 4.00, 6.10 and 9.30 p. m.
Sunday trains leave Princess Street Station at 10 a. m. and 3 p. m. Leave Ocean View at 12 m and 7 p. m.   June 1 tf

A New Drink.
Trilby Cocktails,
AT
The French Cafe
A. P. LEVY, Proprietor.
June 1 tf

NOSETINE
The Only Remedy that Cures CATARRH, Colds, Hay Fever, Grippe, Sore Throat, etc.
Nosetine Tablets, 25 cts.
Nosetine Salve, 50 cts.
For sale by J. HICKS BUNTING, Y. M. C. A. Building, Agt. for Wilmington.
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Summer Resorts.

SPARKLING CATAWBA SPRINGS.

For Thirty Years the Favorite Resort of the People of the Cape Fear Section.

WILL OPEN JUNE 1st.

These justly celebrated Springs of North Carolina are beautifully located in the shade of the Blue Ridge—climate delightful, waters eminently curative for
Dyspepsia, Liver Disease, Vertigo, Spinal Affections, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Scrofula, Gravel, Diabetes, Kidney Affections, Chronic Cough, Asthma, Insomnia, Debility and Skin Diseases.
Hotel refitted and in good order. Write for terms.

Dr. E. O. Elliott & Son,
Sparkling Catawba Springs, N. C.
my 21 tf

CAPON SPRINGS AND BATHS,
Hampshire, Co., W. Va.
WM. H. SALE, Prop.

The Capon Springs is ALKALINE LITHIA WATER. ALKALINE LITHIA BATHS, ANY TEMPERATURE. LARGEST SWIMMING POOL OF ALKALINE LITHIA WATER IN THE WORLD. One of the FINEST IRON SPRINGS at Capon to be found. SUPERB MOUNTAIN CLIMATE. Here is where the SICK GET WELL, and the well who come to spend a lovely Summer and Fall are NEVER DISAPPOINTED. Write for pamphlet and secure rooms before all the best are taken. Come once, you are sure to come again. Refer to Mr. and Mrs. Clayton Giles, Wilmington.
my 26 tf

The Roanoke Red Sulphur Springs,
VIA. SALEM, VA.

High and dry, Sulphur, Chalybeate, Limestone and Freestone Waters. Hay Fever, Asthma, Lung, Throat and Female Troubles relieved.

For terms, certificates of eminent physicians, of former guests, etc., write for descriptive pamphlet.

J. H. CHAPMAN, Manager.
my 26 2m

THE CELEBRATED.
ROCKBRIDGE ALUM SPRINGS, Virginia.

THE GAYEST RESORT IN THE MOUNTAINS. Capacity 1,000. Opens June 1st. Rates reduced one-half. Considering quality of its Patrons Character of accommodation and

Cheapest Resort in America.

Waters recommended by the leading physicians. If a sufferer from Consumption, Indigestion, Scrofula, Catarrh, Diarrhœa, Female Troubles, &c, or need gayety, surrounded with a superb class of people, write for pamphlet and be convinced. This is a panacea for your troubles. Dr. Isaiah White, of Richmond, Medical Director.
JAMES A. FRAZIER, Managing Receiver.
may 11 3m

Alleghany Springs, Va.

The greatest Dyspepsia water known. Endorsed by the State Medical Society, and awarded gold medal and diploma at World's Fair, Chicago. Most popular Summer resort in the mountains of Virginia. Elevation 1,700 feet. Beautiful lawn of 40 acres. Fine walks and drives, good livery. Band of Music. Terms moderate. Write for circular or pamphlet, containing testimonials from prominent physicians, and other parties of eminence.

C. A. COLHOUN, Prop.
R. T. STYLL, M. D., Ph. G., Resident Physician.
June 2 tf

Cleveland Springs

With its Red, White and Blue Sulphur, Lithia, Chalybeate and freestone waters cannot be surpassed for their medicinal virtues. The proprietor is determined that the hotel shall not be surpassed for efficient help in each department. The table is first class with an abundance of fresh milk and butter from our own dairy. For circulars and full information, address

J. B. WILKINSON, Proprietor,
June 25 tf   Shelby, N. C.

Warren White Sulphur Springs,
VIRGINIA.

The Oldest Summer Resort in the United States. Established 1734.

TERMS.

Per week, one person	$15.00
Per month, one person	40.00
Two persons in one room	70.00

Special rates to parties of three or more.

Good Fishing, Boating and Bathing.

DISTANCE FROM
Richmond & Danville R. R. 1 mile.
Norfolk & Western R. R....3 miles.
Baltimore & Ohio R. R......4 miles.

Eight different waters, namely: White, Red and Blue Sulphur, Alum, Iron, Arsenic, Chalybeate and Lithia.

On top of the "Three Top Range" of the Massanutten chain of Mountains. Elevation 2,100 feet above the sea. No mosquitoes, gnats or malaria.

Address, C. W. CULLEN & SON, Cullen P. O., Virginia.
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Anchor Lime
IS THE
Best on the Market.

Nails, Hoop-Iron Rivets,
MOLASSES,
Flour, Sugar, Coffee,
MEAT, LARD, &c.
GENERAL GROCERIES.
WORTH & WORTH.
my 12 tf

Half-Holiday.

By Agreement with all other Barbers of the city, our shop will close every Friday afternoon at Two o'clock. Our patrons will please take notice, and oblige us by calling on Friday morning.

H. C. PREMPERT'S SONS, Experts in Barbering, 11 South Front St.
Je 14 tf

W. N. & N. Railway

In Effect Sunday, June 9, 1895
DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

NORTH BOUND 6	8	STATIONS	SOUTH BOUND 5	7
A M	P M	—WILMINGTON—	P M	P M
7 00	1 55	Lv.. Mulberry street ..Ar	7 00	12 35
7 15		Lv....Surry street...Ar	6 50	A M
10 45	3 47	Lv.. Jacksonville.......Lv	4 33	10 42
11 22	4 20	Lv.. Maysville.........Lv	3 22	10 09
11 43	4 38	Lv.. Pollocksville......Lv	3 07	9 56
12 25	5 10	Ar.. Newbern..........Lv	2 3	9 20
	6 37	Ar— Morehead City— Lv		8 07
P M	P M		P M	

Trains 6 and 7 make close connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort.

Steamers on New River leave Jacksonville at 7.30 a m; returning leave Marine's 12 m, arriving at Jacksonville 6.00 p m, connecting with trains 5 and 8.

H. A. WHITING, General Manager.
J. W. MARTENIS, Traffic Manager.   June 9 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT JUNE 23, 1895.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND

DAILY 9.20 A M — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.56 a m, Warsaw 11.10 a m, Goldsboro 12.05 a m, Wilson 1.00 p m, Rocky Mount 2.33 p m, Tarboro 2.43 p m, Weldon 3.39 p m, Petersburg 5.43 p m, Richmond 6.45 p m, Norfolk 8.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m, Baltimore 12.48 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.53 a m, Boston 3.00 p m.

DAILY 7.00 P M — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.31 p m, Warsaw 8.43 p m, Goldsboro 9.40 p m, Wilson 10.27 p m, †Tarboro 6.58 a m, Rocky Mount 12.07 p m, Weldon 12.55 a m, †Norfolk 10.25 a m, Petersburg 2.37 a m, Richmond 3.40 a m, Washington 7.00 a m, Baltimore 8.30 a m, Philadelphia 10.46 a m, New York 1.23 p m, Boston 8.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND.

DAILY 3.30 P M — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.45 p m, Chadbourn 5.17 p m, Marion 6.34 p m, Florence 7.05 p m, Atkins 8.11 p m, Sumter 8.38 p m, Columbia 10.00 p m, Denmark 5.11 a m, Augusta 8.00 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 10.55 p m, Savannah 1.19 a m, Jacksonville 7.00 a m, St. Augustine 12.00 noon, Tampa 5.30 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M — No. 47—Passenger—Leave Boston 1.00 p m, New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.05 a m, Baltimore 2.50 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.53 a m, Tarboro 12.20 p m, Rocky Mount 1.05 p m, Wilson 2.12 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.02 p m, Magnolia 4.16 p m.

DAILY 10.00 a m — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 11.00 p m, New York 9.00 a m, Philadelphia 11.38 a m, Baltimore 2.13 p m, Washington 3.30 p m, Richmond 7.13 p m, Petersburg 7.54 p m, †Norfolk 2.10 p m, Weldon 9.27 p m, †Tarboro 5.50 p m, Rocky Mount 10.20 p m, arrive Wilson 11.03 p m, leave Wilson 6.35 a m, Goldsboro 7.20 a m, Warsaw 8.16 a m, Magnolia 8.29 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 11 50 a m — No. 56—Passenger—Leave Tampa 9.30 a m, Sanford 1.55 p m, Jacksonville 6.20 p m, Savannah 12.00 night, Charleston 4.13 a m, Columbia 5.30 a m, Atlanta 7.15 a m, Macon 9.00 a m, Augusta 2.25 p m, Denmark 4.17 p m, Sumter 6.42 a m, Atkins 7.16 a m, Florence 8.25 a m, Marion 9.06 a m, Chadbourn 10.10 a m, Lake Waccamaw 10.39 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.45 p m, Halifax 4.05 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 4.55 p m, Greenville 6.57 p m, Kinston 7.55 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.20 a m, Greenville 8.22 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11 00 a m, Weldon 11.20 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 7.00 a m, arrive Parmele 8.40 a m, Tarboro 9 50; am returning leaves Tarboro 4 40 p m; Parmele 6.10 p m, arrives Washington 7.35 p m. Daily except Sunday. Connects at Parmele with trains on Scotland Neck Branch.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, at 4.50 p m; Sunday 6.00 p m; arrive Plymouth 9 00 p m, 8 20 p m. Returning, leave Plymouth daily except Sunday 6.00 a m, Sunday 9 0 a m; Arrive Tarboro 10 25 a m and 10 25 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.05 a m; arrive Smithfield, N. C., 7.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield, N. C., 8 00 a m; arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 9 30 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8 35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9 05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 9 00 a m and 4.10 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.00 a m and 10 40 a m.

Trains on South and North Carolina Railroad leave Elliott 7.03 p m, arrive Bishopville 7 30 p m. Lucknow 8.10 p m, returning leave Lucknow 6.30 a m, Bishopville 7 00 a m; arrive Elliott 7.38 a m, Daily except Sunday.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 8 40 a m, arrive Latta 9.01 a m, Dillon 9.12 a m, Rowland 9 31 a m, returning leaves Rowland 6 40 p m, arrives Dillon 6.18 p m, Latta 6.31 p m, Pee Dee 6.53 p m, daily. Latta Branch trains leave Latta 6 40 p m, arrive Dunbar 7 50 p m, returning leave Dunbar 6 30 a m, arrive Latta 7 50 a m. Daily except Sunday.

Wilmington and Conway Railroad, leave Hub at 8.15 a m, Chadbourn 10.2? a m, arrive Conway 12.35 p m, leave Conway 2 30 p m, Chadbourn 5.35 p m, arrive Hub 6.20 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence 8.30 a m, 8.15 a m, 7.35 p m, arrive Darlington 9.05 a m, 8.55 a m, 8.00 p m, Hartsville 9.00 p m, Cheraw, S. C., 11.15 a m, Wadesboro 1.10 p m, leave Wadesboro 3.00 p m, Cheraw 3.45 p m, Hartsville 4.30 a m, Darlington 6.05 p m, 4.30 p m, 5.35 a m, arrive Florence 6.45 p m, 5 p m, 6 a m. Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 6.50 p m, Manning 6.32 p m, arrive Lane's 7 p m, leave Lanes 8.38 a m, Manning 9.12 a m, arrive Sumter 9.44 a m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.30 a m, 7.10 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 m, 8.30 p m, leave Georgetown 7 a m, 3 p m, arrive Lanes 8.25 a m, 5.25 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 2.05 p m, 11.08 p m, arrive Selma 2.53 p m, Smithfield 3.03 p m, Dunn 3.44 p m, Fayetteville 4.30 p m, 12.38 a m, Rowland 6.00 p m, returning leave Rowland 9.31 a m, Fayetteville 10.55 a m, 9.35 p m, Dunn 11.44 a m, Smithfield 12.25 p m, Selma 12.33 p m, arrive Wilson 1.20 p m, 11.33 p m.

Trains leave Pregnall's 3.15 p m, Summerton 4.47 p m, Sumter 5.50 p m, Darlington 7.37 p m, Bennettsville 8.13 p m, arrive Hamlet 9.15 p m. Returning leave Hamlet 6.15 a m, Bennettsville 7.11 a m, Darlington 8.11 a m, Sumter 9.43 a m, Summerton 10 43 a m, arrive Pregnall's 12.15 p m. Daily except Sunday.

H. M. EMERSON, Ass't Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.   my 12 tf

Sans Souci Fertilizer Works.

J. F. Garrell & Co.,
Manufacturers of
High Grade Fertilizers,
And dealers in Fertilizer Materials.
Special Fertilizers for all crops.
Special Potato Guano.
Fertilizers for Cotton & Corn.
High Grade Truck Fertilizers.
Bone Phosphate. Bone Meal.
Dried Blood. Tankage. Muriate of Potash. Fish Scrap. Nitrate of Soda. Acid Phosphate. Cotton Seed Meal. Cotton Seed Hull Ashes, and all other Fertilizer materials.
Our factory is located at Sans Souci Truck Farm, on Smith's Creek, near Wilmington, N. C.
may 28 tf

For Rent.

SUMMER COTTAGES,
At Carolina Beach.
Apply to D. O'CONNOR, Real Estate agent.
may 29 tf

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway Co.
JOHN GILL, Receiver.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

IN EFFECT JUNE 23, 1895.

SOUTH BOUND DAILY No. 1.	MAIN LINE	NORTH BOUND DAILY No. 2.
5 55 p. m	Ar... Wilmington ...Lve	9 05 a. m
2 45 "	Lv... Fayetteville ...Ar	12 25 p m
2 15 "	Ar... Fayetteville ...Lv	12 45
"	Ar Fayetteville Junc Lv	
12 30 "	Lv... Sanford ...Lv	2 16
10 50 a. m	Lv... Climax ...Lv	4 19 p. m
10 27 "	Lv... Greensboro... Ar	4 50
10 11 "	Ar... Greensboro... Lv	5 00
9 28 "	Lv... Stokesdale... Lv	5 55
8 59 a m	Lv... Walnut Cove... Ar	6 25
8 55 "	Ar... Walnut Cove... Lv	6 30
8 29 "	Lv... Rural Hall... Lv	6 58
7 05 "	Lv... Mt Airy... Ar	8 25

SOUTH BOUND DAILY No. 3.	Bennettsville Division.	NORTH BOUND DAILY No. 4.
7 20 p m	Ar... Bennettsville... Lv	8 15 a. m
6 12 "	Ar... Maxton... Lv	9 21
5 30 "	Lv... Red Springs... Lv	9 55
4 51 "	Lv... Hope Mills... Lv	10 35
4 25 "	Lv... Fayetteville... Ar	10 55

SOUTH BOUND Daily except Sunday No. 15 MIXED	Factory and Madison Branches	NORTH BOUND Daily except Sunday No. 16. MIXED.
6 00 p m	Ar... Ramseur ...Lv	5 50 a m
4 30 "	Lv... Climax ...Lv	7 35
3 00 "	Lv ... Greensboro... Ar	8 20 "

NORTH BOUND	No. 15 MIXED. daily ex su
Leave Greensboro...	9 15 a. m
Leave Stokesdale...	10 55 "
Arrive Madison...	11 50 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 16. MIXED. Daily ex su
Leave Madison...	12 30 p m
Leave Stokesdale...	1 35 "
Arrive Greensboro...	2 40

NORTH-BOUND CONNECTIONS

At Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points North and East, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western R. R. for Winston-Salem.

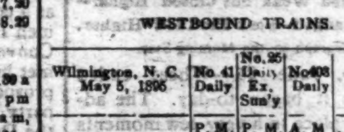
SOUTH-BOUND CONNECTIONS

At Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western Railroad for Roanoke and points North and West, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company for Raleigh, Richmond and all points North and East, at Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points South, at Maxton with the Seaboard Air Line for Charlotte, Atlanta and all points South and Southwest, at Wilmington with the Wilmington Seacoast Railroad for Wrightsville and Ocean View.

Trains No. 1 and 2 dinner at Fayetteville.

W. E. KYLE, Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. W. FRY, Gen'l Manager.
my 18 tf

SEABOARD AIR LINE.
Carolina Central R. R.



CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

WESTBOUND TRAINS.

Wilmington, N. C. May 5, 1895	No. 41 Daily	No. 25 Daily Ex. Sun'y	No. 403 Daily
	P. M.	P. M.	A. M
Leave Wilmington	3 20	7 45	
		A. M.	
Leave Maxton	6 18	12 45	
Arrive Hamlet	7 00	2 05	
Leave Hamlet	7 05	2 50	7 54
Leave Wadesboro	7 56	4 40	8 08
Arrive Monroe	8 55	6 50	8 49
Leave Monroe	9 20	6 30	9 35
Arrive Charlotte	10 10	7 45	9 35
Leave Charlotte			10 43
Leave Lincolnton			10 43
			P. M.
Leave Shelby			12 05
Arr Rutherfordton			2 30

EASTBOUND TRAINS.

	No. 38 Daily	No. 26 Daily Ex. Sun'y	No. 402 Daily
	A. M.	P M	P. M.
Lve Rutherfordton			4 25
Leave Shelby			5 58
Leave Lincolnton			6 55
Arrive Charlotte			8 20
Leave Charlotte	5 20	8 30	8 20
Arrive Monroe	6 00	10 45	9 10
Leave Monroe	6 20	11 05	9 15
Leave Wadesboro	7 18	12 43	9 54
		A. M.	
Arrive Hamlet	8 08	2 05	10 34
Leave Hamlet	8 45	2 30	
Leave Maxton	9 28	3 30	
	P. M.		
Arrive Wilmington	12 30	8 05	

Schedule Between Wilmington and Raleigh.

Leave Wilmington	3.20 p m	7.45 p m
Arrive Raleigh	1.36 a m	11.35 a m
Leave Raleigh	5.36 a m	3.30 p m
Arrive Wilmington	12.30 p m	8.05 a m

Schedule between Wilmington and Atlanta.

Leave Wilmington	3.20 p m	7.45 p m
Arrive Atlanta	5.20 a m	4.00 p m
Leave Atlanta	9.15 p m	1.00 p m
Arrive Wilmington	12.30 p m	8.05 a m

Sleepers on 25 and 26 between Wilmington and Charlotte.

Close connection at Athens by No. 25 for Macon, and close connection at Atlanta by Nos. 25 and 41 for Mobile, New Orleans, Nashville and all Southern, Western and Northwestern points.

Close connection by 25 and 41 for Augusta.

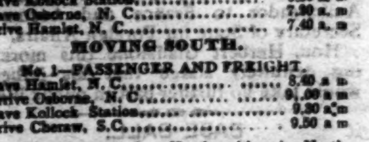
Nos. 403 and 402, "Atlanta Special," fast vestibule, daily for all points North, South and West.

Connections made at Lincolnton for Western N. C. points.

Junction Points—At Maxton with C F & Y V; at Wadesboro with Cheraw & Salisbury R R; at Hamlet with R & A, C S & N, and Palmetto Railway, at Monroe with G C & N; at Charlotte with R & D system; at Lincolnton with C & L Narrowgauge, and at Shelby and Rutherfordton with the Three C's.

For information as to rates, schedules, &c, apply to THOS. D. MEARES, Agent S A L, Wilmington, N C.
V. E. McBEE, Supt. Trans.
E. St. JOHN, Vice-President.
JNO. H. WINDER, Gen'l Mng.
T. J. ANDERSON, Gen'l Pass. Agt.   jan 20 tf

PALMETTO RAILROAD CO.



To Take Effect on Sept. 23, 1894.

MOVING NORTH.
No. 2—PASSENGER AND FREIGHT.

Leave Cheraw, S. C.	6.30 a. m
Leave Kollock Station	6.50 a. m
Leave Osborne, N. C.	7.20 a. m
Arrive Hamlet, N. C.	7.40 a. m

MOVING SOUTH.
No. 1—PASSENGER AND FREIGHT.

Leave Hamlet, N. C.	8.40 a. m
Arrive Osborne, N. C.	9.00 a. m
Leave Kollock Station	9.30 a. m
Arrive Cheraw, S. C.	9.50 a. m

Close connection made at Hamlet with trains North South, East and West.

sep 25 tf   MONCURE, Supt.

The Times
(PHILADELPHIA) THIS MORNING

THE TIMES—Is the most extensively circulated and widely read newspaper published in Pennsylvania. Its discussion of public men and public measures is in the interest of public integrity, honest government and prosperous industry, and it knows no party or personal allegiance in treating public issues. In the broadest and best sense a family and general newspaper.

THE TIMES—Aims to have the largest circulation by deserving it, and claims that it is unsurpassed in all the essentials of a great metropolitan newspaper. Specimen copies of any edition will be sent free to any one sending their address.

TERMS—DAILY, $3.00 per annum, $1.00 for four months, 30 cents per month; delivered by carriers for 6 cents per week. SUNDAY EDITION, twenty-four large, handsome pages, 168 columns, elegantly illustrated, $2.00 per annum; 5 cents per copy. Daily and Sunday, $5.00 per annum, 50 cents per month. Weekly edition, 50 cents per annum.

Address all letters to THE TIMES.

Gilt Edge Butter.

LARD, HAMS, SIDES,
FLOUR, RICE, GRITS,
WATER GROUND MEAL,
CAKES, CANDIES,
SOAP, STARCH, &c., &c.
A small lot COW PEAS just in.
HALL & PEARSALL,
Nutt and Mulberry streets.
my 25 D&W tf

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, JUNE 26, 1895

SPOTS AND FUTURES

New York Sun's Review of the Cotton Market.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, June 25.—The *Sun* says: Cotton fell 8 to 9 points but recovered this, and distant months in some cases advanced 1 point, closing firm with sales of 242,200 bales; Liverpool declined 1-16d on the spot; with sales of 7,000 bales: futures declined 3 to 3½ points, closing quiet. In Manchester yarns were weak; cloths dull. New Orleans declined 8 to 9 points, but rallied sharply. Spot cotton sold 1-16c lower here, and closed steady with sales of 500 bales for export, and 3,894 for spinning; middling upland 7c. Galveston, Mobile and St. Louis declined 1-16c and Norfolk ⅛c. New Orleans weak.

To-day's features: At first the market undoubtedly looked weak, owing to dullness and depression in Liverpool, a weak tone in Manchester, clear weather in Texas, Louisiana and Arkansas, some decline in New Orleans, and considerable liquidation of the long interest as well as some hammering for bear account. But things changed for the better in the latest transactions, when it was seen that a surprisingly large business had been done in spot cotton here with the New England mills. During 'Change hours 3,800 bales were reported for spinning, and 1,000 bales more were sold after the close, and it looked as though 2,900 bales more would be added to the New England business to-night. Besides there was a fair export movement. The stock of cotton here is 211,480 bales, against 191,681 a year ago, but a great deal of the supply here has been sold against. In New Orleans the stock is only 194,893, all of which is covered it is stated, by contract sales. It was intimated recently that before long New England spinners would be obliged to buy cotton more freely here, and it looks as though the purchases for eastern account during July would reach liberal figures. As to the crop prospects, many of the reports are favorable, but the bulls do not lose sight of the fact that the acreage is smaller; that the use of fertilizers was greatly reduced, and that the plant is backward. Much of the weak long interest has been weeded out within the last two weeks, and the tendency now is to increase the short interest, though many of the local shorts covered to-day. Besides the big spot business, another strengthening factor this afternoon was a rumor that the North Carolina State Board would announce the condition in that State as only 69 percentage against 91 percentage, as given by the Agricultural Bureau a year ago.

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

July Wheat Closed Firm and Higher—Corn Opened Weak but Closed Higher—Oats Unchanged—Pork Produces Higher.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, June 25.—Wheat ended better than it began to-day. The advance took place in a very few moments and there was very little trading while prices were traversing a range of 1¾c. The close was firm, with near the outside figures of the day. July wheat opened from 69¾c to 69⅝c, sold between 69½c and 71¾c, closing at 71⅜@71⅝c—1½@1¾c higher than yesterday. Cash wheat was firmer and 1c higher.

Corn—There was a weak opening to corn, with the market subsequently ruling firm to steady. No news to radically change the situation was to hand, and the strength or weakness of wheat was, therefore, the natural guide under the circumstances. July corn opened from 47¾c to 47⅝c, advanced to 48⅝c and closed at 48⅜c—⅜c higher than yesterday. Cash corn was ¼c higher than yesterday.

Oats—Not much activity or interest was noticeable in the oats market. The action was dependent on the leading grains for motive and inspiration, and prices fluctuated in the same channel without reaching extremes. July oats closed unchanged from yesterday. Cash oats were ¼@⅜c per bushel higher.

Provisions—Good buying took place in product. It is a tradition that the last few days of June are the proper days on which to buy provisions. Whether this theory had anything in common with the demand that developed to-day or not is hard to say, but at all events prices improved on the purchases made. Commission houses generally identified with Armour operations were active bidders. The hog market was strong. At the close July pork was 35c higher than yesterday, July lard 7½c higher, July ribs 10@12½c higher.

BRITISH GOVERNMENT.

Members of the New Ministry So Far as Officially Announced.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, June 25.—The members of the new ministry, so far as they have been selected, are officially announced as follows: Prime Minister and Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, the Marquis of Salisbury; Lord President of the Council, the Duke of Devonshire; First Lord of the Treasury, the Right Hon. Arthur James Balfour; Secretary of State for the Colonies, Right Hon. Jos. Chamberlain; Chancellor of the Exchequer, Right Hon. Sir Michael Hicks Beach; First Lord of the Admiralty, Right Hon. Geo. Joachim-Goschen. The other places in the Ministry have not as yet been definitely allotted.

Lord Salisbury, besides becoming Prime Minister, will take the foreign portfolio temporarily. He has made overtures to the Marquis of Dufferin to resign his present office of British Ambassador to France and become Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs.

Hon. Herbert Gladstone this morning definitely stated that his father would take no further part in public life.

BASE BALL.

The Record of Games Played Yesterday.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

Washington—Washington 7; Baltimore 8.

Brooklyn—Brooklyn 2; Philadelphia 3.

Boston—Boston 5; New York 2.

Cincinnati—Cincinnati 10; St. Louis 6.

Chicago—Chicago 10; Pittsburg 8.

Cleveland—Cleveland 8; Louisville 5.

Evansville—Evansville 15; Memphis 4.

Chattanooga—First game—Chattanooga 3; Montgomery 14. Second game—Chattanooga 8; Montgomery 1. Game called at the end of the fifth inning on account of rain.

Lynchburg—Lynchburg 5; Richmond 4.

Atlanta—Atlanta 11; New Orleans 12.

Petersburg—Petersburg 20; Portsmouth 3.

Norfolk—Norfolk 3; Roanoke 0.

The Modern Way

Commends itself to the well informed, to do pleasantly and effectually what was formerly done in the crudest manner and disagreeably as well. To cleanse the system and break up colds, headaches and fevers without unpleasant after effects, use the delightful liquid laxative remedy, Syrup of Figs.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, June 25.—Spirits turpentine quiet and steady at 29@29¼c. Rosin dull but steady; strained common to good $1 57½@1 62½.

KENTUCKY DEMOCRATS.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE CONVENTION IN SESSION AT LOUISVILLE.

Gold Men Largely in the Majority—The Platform Will Be Unequivocally Against The Free Coinage of Silver at Sixteen to One—The Convention in an Uproar Last Night—The Chairman Unable to Restore Order.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., June 25.—At noon to-day John D. Carroll, chairman of the State Central Committee called to order what will probably prove to be the most interesting Democratic Convention ever held in Kentucky. There is a big free silver contigent in the State led by Senator Blackburn but in this Convention the gold advocates are largely in the majority and the platform will undoubtedly endorse that adopted by the National Convention at Chicago in 1892. This is not, strictly speaking, a gold monometallism platform, but it is unequivocally against the free coinage of silver at 16 to 1 and the silver men of the State will not be satisfied with less than this.

The Clay men this morning are claiming increased strength during the night and the Hardin men are not so sanguine, but it is still far from settled who will be the Gubernatorial nominee. Besides a Governor this Convention will select a Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of State, Treasurer, Superintendent of Public Instruction, Attorney General, Auditor, Register of Land Deeds and Commissioner of Agriculture. It will take at least two days to finish the work and probably three or four. The organization of the Committee on Resolutions, which is composed of one from each of the eleven districts and two at large, to be appointed by the chair, shows a majority of gold men in the committee. Of the eleven already chosen, seven are gold advocates and four for free silver. As the chairman will appoint the other two, and as he is almost sure to be a gold man, the committee will then stand nine for gold and four for silver. The committee is as follows: First district, Gus Coulter, silver; fourth, W T Ellis, silver; third, Jno Rhea, silver; fourth, Ed Walker, silver; fifth, J M Atherton, gold; sixth, R H Elliston, gold; seventh, Arthur Yeager, gold; eighth, James B McCreary, gold; ninth, Jno F Hager, gold; tenth, John Salyer, gold, eleventh, Geo Stone, gold. Joe C S Blackburn was beaten by twenty votes in the seventh district by Arthur Yeager, a gold man.

Nominations being next in order, Judge William Breckner, and ex-Congressman W J Stone, of Lyons county, were nominated for temporary chairman. The voting was watched with much interest, as the vote was a test vote, Breckner being the Hardin man and Stone the choice of the Clay men.

Judge Breckner received 448½ votes on the first ballot against 330½ received by Stone. In taking his place as chairman, he said:

I do not take the result of this ballot as a compliment to myself. The gentlemen I have seen fit to represent in this Convention have won the fight. We have met here at a time when the return of prosperity is vindicating the Democratic party. Everything is happening just as the Democrats said it would. Let us act in harmony. I heard a man say once: "Why cannot the Democrats act in harmony as the Republican did?" We are not built that way. The Republican Convention was dictated by a boss. We have no collars about our neck. We are not afraid to face our record.

J. K. Schrader, William Cromwell and James E. Stone were elected secretaries of the Convention. The list of committees was then sent to the clerk's desk, after which the chairman announced the members-at-large of the Committee on Resolutions as Judge Wm. Lindsay and K. D. Clary. Mr. Lindsay is a strong gold advocate, while Mr Clary is a free silver admirer, but has not yet determined whether he wants a 16 to 1 ratio. The Convention then took a recess until eight o'clock to-night.

Senator Joe Blackburn is being somewhat criticised for trying to get on the Committee on Resolutions after he had been beaten for the place in his own district—the seventh. When the clerk called out the second district the chairman announced that Blackburn had received the proxy of W. T. Ellis, who was regularly chosen by the delegation. The second is a free silver district and readily consented to the arrangement that the Senator might have a chance to use his oratory to some advantage in championing the cause of the white metal. Chairman Breckner did not see that way, however, and sent word that he could not for a moment entertain such a proposition, as Blackburn was not a resident of the second district.

Music Hall was packed to overflowing when Chairman Breckner called the Convention to order this evening. A brilliant assemblage filled the box and the greater part of the stage, many of the ladies wearing evening dress. The Convention began in a hubbub over a resolution offered by Arthur Wallace of Louisville, declaring it un-American to discriminate against any man or woman because of their religious preference. The Chair referred the resolution to the Committee on Resolutions. Several of the anti-A. P. A. delegates insisted on having the resolution put to the Convention, but instead one was put and passed that all resolutions go to the Committee for consideration.

A dozen delegates were on their feet at once shouting for recognition, and each wished to push a different motion. For a while the chairman lost all control of the assemblage, and for an hour it seemed that it would be impossible to maintain order. J. P. Helm, chairman of the committee on permanent organization, recommended as permanent chairman Congreseman J. S. Berry, James E. Stone for permanent secretary and Edward McGrath for sergeant-at-arms. These officers were chosen.

In assuming the chairmanship Mr. Perry said:

The Republicans have been endeavoring to persuade the people that all the hard times were caused by the Democratic party, when, in fact, they were caught by their own iniquities. We have some differences about the city, but let us make a united front and down the Republicans. Let us move shoulder to shoulder to a triumph in November such as shall teach them a lesson.

A motion to adjourn until 10 o'clock to-morrow morning was made by the Clay men. The clerk was an hour calling the roll, owing to the tremendous confusion. It was an hour more before quiet could be sufficiently restored for the chairman to announce the result—661 noes to 317 ayes. After the announcement the disorder increased. A hundred motions were made but the chairman recognized nobody.

Word was sent to the Chair that the Committee on Credentials would not be ready to report until midnight, and it was announced by the Chairman that no business could be properly transacted until the members were properly seated. There were several contested delegations, one of them being from Louisville. Notwithstanding the fact that no business could be transacted, even if the noise would permit, the Convention persistently refused to adjourn and kept up a constant yelling, interspersed with cat-calls and cries of "Mr. Chairman." They might as well have appealed to a post. The chairman, in the belief that it would be impossible to go on, listened to nobody, and sat at the table writing a letter. A more extraordinary scene has seldom been seen in a State Convention.

Gen. William Lindsay, of Frankfort, was elected chairman of the Committee on Resolutions.

At a late hour it looks as though business had come to an end for the night in the Democratic Convention. For hours there has been nothing but noise and confusion on the part of the vast assemblage, which completely fills Music Hall. Every effort of the chairman up to 12.30 o'clock to restore order has been ineffectual. Hundreds of motions have been made and none put to a vote and the entire session has been one continuous pandemonium.

The Committee on Resolutions will make three reports. One of them signed by John S. Rhea and W. T. Ellis declares in favor of free coinage; the second, signed by J. D. Clardy and B. D. Walker, reaffirms the Chicago platform of 1892, which is a conservative endorsement of a gold standard, and a third, to which is affixed the names of the other members, endorses the Administration and mentions especially the names of Carlisle and Cleveland. The report signed by Clardy and Wallace also endorses the Administration but mentions no names. The Committee so far has not been a harmonious one. With two factions, each of nearly equal strength, to contest every point raised, it could hardly be an entirely harmonious assemblage. There is more at stake than has ever been before, and the Democrats of the State feel that they must go slowly. That is just what they are doing, but quietly.

The city is full of Republicans who are waiting anxiously to see who is nominated. Among these is W. O. Bradley, the Republican nominee for Governor, and George Denny, Jr., who recently beat W. C. Owens, in the race for Congress in the Ashland district. Almost to a man the Republicans would like to see Hardin nominated because he will present the somewhat singular spectacle of a free silver man running on a platform which has a plank for gold and endorses the Administration. Hardin, it is claimed, asked the Committee on Resolutions to give him a silver plank to stand on for the benefit of the party, but the gold standard men would not agree to sacrifice their principles, and the minority report was the result.

TREASURY GOLD RESERVE

Intact Again for the First Time Since December, 1894—The Bond Syndicate Said to Have Been Released from Its Obligations to Import Gold—The Department Says There Has Been No Modification of the Contract.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, June 25.—The Treasury gold reserve, as the result of the Belmont-Morgan syndicate paying in $1,000,000 of gold, became to-day intact again for the first time since December 14th, 1894. It stands now at $100,880,-355. There is still owing from the syndicate $6,000,000 in gold. Under the agreement entered into February 8th, 1895, the syndicate paid $65,000,000 in gold for $62,400,000 in 4 per cent. U. S. bonds. The price paid averaged $104.4946 per $100. The bonds were yesterday quoted at 123½ bid. In addition to the bond purchase the syndicate agreed to protect the gold reserve, and in doing so have, it is said, supplied foreign exchange at a loss, materially cutting down their apparent margin of profit from the entire bond transaction.

Now that the gold reserve is intact, a question that comes up to vex the Treasury is the issue of gold certificates against gold deposited. Under the law, while the gold is under the $100,000,-000 limit, gold certificates cannot be issued against gold deposited, but when it exceeds that limit the law directs the Secretary of the Treasury to issue such certificates on the deposit of gold. The Treasury, it is understood, will discourage the issue of such certificates, but will not of course refuse to do so if demanded. The cause of the disinclination to issue gold certificates at this time is that the margin of "free gold" is and necessarily will be small for some time to come and any such action now looking to the issue of gold certificates might have to be revoked within a few days and would have to be rescinded should the gold reserve again fall below $100,000,000.

NEW YORK, June 25.—It is understood that the Government bond syndicate yesterday paid over to the Treasury the balance of the gold remaining to be paid on foreign account, and the Secretary of the Treasury certified for the last of the bonds to be issued. The syndicate has now completed its payment for the whole issue of the bonds. It is evident from this that the Secretary of the Treasury has modified the contract with the syndicate requiring the importation of one-half of the gold to be paid for the bonds. In accepting the payment of about one-half of the foreign subscription in domestic gold and directing the Treasury officials to receive this and certify for bonds as against it, it is obvious that the syndicate is released from its obligation to import gold against these bonds. The surplus gold reserve of the Treasury will be $107,450,000 within twenty-four hours. This will settle the operation of the syndicate so far as payment for its bonds is concerned, but it may be that the syndicate will import more gold later. Treasury officials will not discuss this nor can any information be obtained from the members of the syndicate.

WARM WIRELETS.

The U. S. cruiser Detroit has arrived at Shanghai from Chemulpo, Corea, where the Concord relieved her a week ago.

A dispatch from London, Eng., says: Yesterday a $8,000,000 gold loan of the city of Chicago, at four per cent. was subscribed to here several times over.

A convention of voters of Maryland who are in favor of free coinage of silver upon the ratio of 16 to 1, has been called to meet in Washington, D. C., on Friday, June 19.

The Democratic State Central Committee of Ohio have selected Springfield as the place and August 20 and 21 as the date for holding the Democratic State Convention.

Geo. F. Bissell, of Chicago, Superintendent for the Hartford Insurance Company in the Southern and Western States, died of consumption yesterday in Asheville, N. C.

The Delaware rolling mill has notified its 800 employes that a ten per cent. increase in wages would go into effect on July 1. This is a restoration of the cut in wages made during the recent dull period.

Prince Emanuel, Duke of Aosta, was married in St. Rachel's Catholic Church, at Kingston-on-the-Thames, England, yesterday, to Princess Helene, of Orleans, second daughter of the late Count of Paris.

A lynching took place Saturday in Colleton county, S. C. The victim was Bill Stokes, colored, who made an assault on a white woman. After his body had been raised in the air it was riddled with bullets.

The strike in the National Providence and Saranac Mills, in Olneyville, R. I., was practically ended yesterday, when ninety weavers returned to work. The strikers of the Atlantic mills are still out to the number of 300 or 400.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

Removals in the Treasury Department—The Cruiser Alert Ordered to Callao—Movements of Officials of the Navy Department—The Belmont-Morgan Syndicate.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, June 25.—Secretary Carlisle, prior to leaving for Marion, Mass., approved about six hundred changes in the Treasury, to conform to the new appropriation bills, which go into effect July 1st next. These changes consist of removals, reductions and promotions. The changes in the United States Coast Geodetic Survey were announced to-day and six high-salaried employes, ranging in pay from $4,000 per annum to $1,800, were removed.

The cruiser Alert left Panama for Callao last Saturday, the announcement having been delayed until to-day through an "oversight," as it is explained at the Navy Department. It is also said that the Alert's mission is to relieve the armored coast defence vessel Monterey, which has been at Callao since May 30th, and in order to permit that vessel to work her way north. Naval officers generally, however, are mystified as to the apparent emergency indicated by the Alert's sudden departure, when it is remembered that her commander, Captain Ide, was detached by cablegram last week on account of Admiral Meade's charges against him, and the ship is now in charge of Lieutenant John H. C. Coffin, her executive officer. Commander Franklin Haaford is under orders to leave New York by merchant steamer of July 1st and assume command of the Alert.

Admiral Ramsay will leave the Navy Department to-morrow for nearly a month's vacation in the Blue Ridge mountains, returning in time to take charge of the Department when Secretary Herbert goes away for a long cruise on the Dolphin. It is the Secretary's present intention to board the dispatch boat at Washington July 16th and visit in turn the important naval stations of the Atlantic coast from Virginia to Maine, spending most of his six weeks' absence from the capital at the War College on Coasters' Island, near Newport. The Dolphin will also visit Buzzard's Bay early in August.

There was considerable inquiry at the Treasury Department to-day as to whether the Belmont-Morgan syndicate had secured a modification of the contract to the extent that the syndicate would not be compelled to import $30,-000,000 of foreign gold. Assistant Secretary Hamlin in this connection made the following statement: "There has been no modification of the contract. The provision that one-half of the gold for the total amount for the loan shall be brought from abroad is to be carried out. Some of the importations of foreign gold were made in advance of the time stipulated in the contract, but this did not involve any modification of the contract."

COTTON STATES EXPOSITION.

A Rate of One Cent Per Mile Fixed by the Southern Passenger Association.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ATLANTA, June 25.—Rates to the Cotton States and International Exposition was promulgated here to-day by Commissioner Finlay, of the Southern Passenger Association. The basis is approximately one cent a mile on distances of two hundred miles and over and is the lowest rate ever given an Exposition, being only a little more than half those made for the World's Fair at the outset. The railroads profited by their experience at Chicago, where rates made too high at the outset held back the crowd until the fare was reduced. Here it was decided to reach the lowest basis at once, and make attendance uniform. The Exposition management is much gratified at this action, which insures the maximum attendance from all the territory. Rates from points beyond the territory of the Southern Passenger Association have not been fixed, but will probably be on the same basis.

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpareil type on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms, positively cash in advance.

Found—On June 16th, a fine Pointer about 18 months old, wearing badge No. 203, City of Wilmington, 1895, near Harrison's Creek. Owner can recover by applying at STAR office. je 26 tf

Mechanics' Home Association. New series Stock open (the 10th). Loans made at 6 per cent. W. M. Cumming, Secretary; Nath'l Jacobi, President. je 26 tf

Flour, Molasses and Syrup, wholesale and retail at bottom prices, together with a full line of Groceries, Tobacco and Snuff. If you chew Tobacco call and be convinced that I can give you the best, either by the plug or box, and cheaper than you can buy it elsewhere in the city. Neill McKinnon, Commission Merchant, No. 8 South Water street. c21

Men and women to make big money with the Practical Plating Dynamo. Is the electrical machine used in the great plating factories $65 to $85 a week made easy. Plates everything. No experience; big profits. Address W. P Harrison & Co., Clerk No. 14, Columbus, Ohio. June 25 3t

Photographs.—U. C. Ellis, at No. 114 Market street, for the latest style, best quality, finest finished and lowest-priced Photographs—$1.00 per dozen. U. C. ELLIS. c21

Baskets, Vegetable Baskets for the shipment of Peas, Beans, Cucumbers, etc. For sale at Jno. S. McEachern's Grain and Feed Store, 211 Market street. c21

Palmetto Brewing Co., of Charleston, S. C. Export, Rice and Lager Beer. Branch office No. 402 Nutt street; deliveries promptly made anywhere in city. F. Richter, Manager. c21

Hayden, P. H., has in stock buggies, road carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. c21

WE HAVE

Captured the Cash Trade of the People

And here is how we have done it—by underbuying and underselling. We are quoted by everybody as the leader of low prices and big value. Well we told you last week what the small sum of five cents would buy, now let us tell you of some other things we handle.

Let us tell you about some shoes. 100 pair ladies open slippers nice leather bottoms at 89c pair. Nice Oxford ties patent leather tips, at 50c; better and nice slippers $1 to 1.35. A lot of odds and ends in slippers left over from last year at 75c to $1.50—to close this lot all now going at 50c. A lot of men's high cut brogan plow shoes, worth $1, which we are selling at 79c a pair. Gent's congress and bal. shoes at 90c to $1. Fine, extra style shoes at $1.35 and 1.50. Cordivan and calf shoes at $2 to 2.50, a pair. In baby shoes we have a nice assortment from 15c. In infant's slippers—a job lot—at 18c per pair; size 2 to 5. A line of slippers, good black, with tan fronts, 85c; sold last week for 50c. Childrens tan slippers, with strap and buckle, at 85c; larger, 75 to 90c. A line of childrens black slippers in sizes 9½ to 12 at 60c, worth 65c. We have the cut soles for ladies and mens shoes at 10c per pair. A big lot of ladies fine sample shoes and slippers at half price.

We have just received the nicest and newest lot of ladies cheap hats we have ever been able to show before this season. 12 dozen white, wide brim flats in fine chips, regular, $1 our price 25c.

We are on Front street opposite the Market House.

BRADDY & GAYLORD, Prop.
of Wilmington's big Racket Store.
june 23 tf

PEOPLE SAY

THAT "SHOES ARE CHEAPER AT

MERCER & GAYLORD'S

THAN ANYWHERE ELSE."

We say, "The Mill Still Grinds" and BARGAINS of real value continually come forth, which, to some extent, accounts for the general rush in our Store.

We stop just here to return sincere and heartfelt thanks to our large patronage, and cordially and earnstly solicit a continuance of the same. We invite strangers as well as our old friends and acquaintances to see our stock before buying elsewhere.

Very respectfully,

Mercer & Gaylord.

We keep at the same place, H. C. Evans' Old Stand 115 Princess St.
June 23 1t

W. E. SPRINGER & CO.,

Purcell Building,
Wilmington, N. C

Are now handling a few additional lines, such as

ICE CREAM FREEZERS,
WATER COOLERS
COOK STOVES,
RANGES,
Garden Hose
Lawn Mowers.

They undoubtebly have the finest Cream Freezer and the lowest price Lawn Mowers ever brought to this market.

GOOD GOODS and SQUARE DEALING is their motto with those they sell to as well as those from whom they buy.

14 North Front Street,
Wilmington, N. C.
ap 26tf

SUMMER CLOTHING.

Office Coats 48c, 75c, and $1.25

Coats and Vests 75c, $1.25, $1.98 and $2.50. Big stock of Summer Pants. $3.50 grade at $2.25; $5.00 and $6.00 quality $3.50.
Men's Balbriggan Undershirts 25c.
Men's fine grade Balbriggan Suits 75c.
Men's Bleached Drawers 25c.
Largest variety of NEGLIGEE SHIRTS at 40c, 50c, 65c and 98c.
$12 50 Suits at $8.50.
Straw Hats at cut prices.
New arrivals in Dry Goods.

TRILBY DUCK.

White, Tan and Navy at 12½c per yard.

Percales at 5 and 8c per yard.
Paris Prints at 9c, worth 12½c.
10 and 12½c Domestics at 6 and 8c.
Plain and Figured Silks 25c per yard.
10c Draperies 6c per yard.
25c Draperies, new designs, 15c per yard.
Mattings and Oil Cloths.
A splendid matting at 10c per yard.
25c Seamless Matting 15c.
Yard wide heavy floor oilcloth 25c.
Carpets, rugs, all colors, 12c complete.
Bargains in Slippers and Low Shoes and Lots of other New Goods at

J. H. Rehder & Co.'s,

Next Fourth Street Bridge.

Car fare paid on all purchases over Two Dollars.

Phone 118. June 23 tf

WE HAVE A Tooth Brush That We Sell Three for 25 Cts

AS GOOD AS MOST BRUSHES you pay a quarter for. Nice to take travelling.

JAS. D. NUTT,
The Druggist.
Je 25 tf

High Point vs. Wilmington,

WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY,

Owing to a misunderstanding with the Manager of the Street Railway Co, both games of Ball will be played at the Hammocks. Good games are guaranteed as Wilmington will be represented by her "best."

W. W. ROBERTS,
Manager.
je 23 3t

NOW OPEN.

MR. AND MRS. H. A. KURE ARE NOW to be found at her "Big Cottage on the Beach," with a first-class Boarding House at Carolina Beach. Meals and Lunch can be had at all hours. Rooms to rent, furnished or unfurnished, by day, week or season. For terms, call or write to H. A. Kure, Carolina Beach, N. C.

In connection with above, about two squares from Cottage, I also will have as heretofore, charge of the Carolina Beach Club, where the usual sport can be had.

June 9 tf HANS A. KURE.

CLEARING SALE

THIS IS A

Sale of Odds and Ends

We do not consider the value or cost. We are determined to sacrifice them at would not pay the freight. These bargains consist of goods that are always in demand. If you cannot use them now you will need them and it will pay you to buy while they can be purchased at

Half Value

One Lot Silk Grenadines

In patterns of 7 yards, 44-inch wide, formerly sold for $7.00, to close at —

SPECIAL LOT

PURE CASTILE SOAP, 1,000 Cakes, three for 5 cents.

A Special Inducement to the Trade.

1 Lot CORSETS, a variety of brands, viz.:

Warner's Health,
"Warner's Coraline "33,"
Bridal, French woven,
Diamond, Common Sense,
Fifth Avenue and Sonnette.

These Corsets

are well known brands. Who has not heard of Warner's Health and Warner's Coraline?

The Health always sold for $1.25. The Coraline, Sonnette, Bridal, and Common Sense sell everywhere for $1.00. Choose while you have the opportunity.

1,000 bottles Bixby's Royal Polish, a water-proof Blacking for Ladies and Children's Shoes. Always sold for 10c. We are selling it this week at 5c a bottle.

1,000 bottles Whittemore's Gilt Edge Dressing—the finest and most durable lustre. Sold everywhere at 25c. We sell it this week at 12½c a bottle.

A variety of light evening shades in Cotton, which sold at 15c yard we are selling this week at 5c per yard.

Any Remnant in our house can be purchased for half its price.

1,000 yards all-wool Challie. They are about 24 inches in width, good styles; goods that sold for 20c per yard. We will sell at 8c per yard.

1 Lot Lace Flouncing worth 50c a yard at 25c.

1 Lot Fancy Figured Flouncing worth 50c a yard at 25c.

2,000 yards Lace. Some are worth 10c, others 30c a yard. All go this week at 5c a yard.

1 Lot real French Sateen worth 35c a yard at 15c.

We have just received a lot of Buttermilk Soap.

10,000 yards Cotton Crash at 3c a yard.

Guaranteed as Advertised.

A. D. BROWN,

Successor to BROWN & RODDICK

No. 9 NORTH FRONT ST.

June 23 tf

A pretty foot should always be encased in a pretty Shoe. Almost any foot is pretty when properly dressed. For fashionable footwear of the best quality and very latest style call on

Geo. R. French & Sons,
108 North Front St.,
Opposite Orton House.
Je 23 tf

PEACE Institute for Young Ladies

RALEIGH, N. C.

It is the best. Send for illustrated catalogue to
JAS. DINWIDDIE, M. A., Principal.
je 23 3m

Notice.

THE Wilmington Intelligence Bureau are now in their new building on Second street between Market and Dock. Now where they are in order to furnish Cooks, House-Servants, Butlers and Porters—in fact every kind you are in need of. We want on Monday one young German girl in private family in the city. Also you will find at our office all kinds of refreshments—such as Ice Cream &c., beginning Sunday, June 23rd, 1895. No. 12 South Second street. June 23 tf

TIVOLI Hofbrau Export Lager.

Sold in Crown Cork Bottles Only.

Brewed from the

Best Bavarian Hops
—AND—
Canadian Barley Malt.

FINE HOP FLAVOR.

A delicious beverage for the

Family Table.

And an Excellent Tonic for the WEAK AND NERVOUS.

Read this Testimonial

From Dr. Wm. H. Taylor, State Chemist and Professor of Chemistry and Toxicology, Medical College of Virginia:

LABORATORY OF STATE ASSAYER AND CHEMIST,
RICHMOND, VA., MAY 2, 1895.

I have analyzed the Tivoli Hofbrau Beer, manufactured by the Robert Portner Brewing Company, of Alexandria, Va., and find that it is pure and, in all respects, of excellent quality. It is unexceptionable as a beverage, and I recommend it especially for medicinal use.

Wm. H. Taylor, M. D.,
State Assayer and Chemist.

FOR SALE BY ALL DEALERS.

Robert Portner Brewing Company.
OTTO BANCK, Agent,
June 8 tf Wilmington, N. C.

Turnip Seed, Fall Crop.

Just arrived.

Low Prices. Large Stock.

Robert R. Bellamy & Co.

Wholesale and Retail

Druggists

N. E. Cor. Front & Market sts.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

Write for quotations.
may 7 3m

It's Smoking Hot.

But not too hot to smoke with pleasure, or to chew, for that matter.

A fine smoke or a good chew is a luxury that but few smokers or chewers can or care to deny themselves of.

CIGARS.
Yucatan,
Royal Blue,
Vevets,
Panatellas,
Havana Pipers,
Superior Sweepers,

CHEWING TOBACCO.
Hancock's Pocket Piece,
Hancock's Mastiana,
Gravely's Five Pound,
Wedding Cake,
Gravely's 9-in 40,
Drummond's Horse Shoe (natural leaf)

Tambor Magor,
Little Tillies,
Duke of Spain,
Herman Cortez,
La For de Teller,
Couchas Especials (direct from Key West,

CIGARETTES.
Duke,
Old Gold,
Marshall's Cabebs,
Cross Cut,
English Specials,
Dr. Blosser's Catarrh.

SMOKING TOBACCOS.

Seal of North Carolina (Plug Cut and Granulated) Duke's Mixture, Cornell's Mixture, Pick Leaf, Pride of Rocky Mount, Durham Long Cut, Cow Boy, Sea, Transats, Virginia Creepers (Finest on the Market), Durham's Bull and Durham Mixture.

For Sale at

Bunting's Pharmacy
Je 21 tf V. M. C. A. Building, Wilmington, N. C.

Cash Paid —FOR— Beeswax.

If you have some to sell, ship it to us, and we will allow you

30 Cents Per Pound

For it in Boston, and no charge for Commission or carting. References all through the South if required.

W. H. BOWDLEAR & CO.,
Boston, Mass.
may 28 tf Office and Warehouse 36 Central Wharf.

Mahogany Twist.

15 boxes Mahogany Twist.
20 boxes Big 4 Tobacco.
25 boxes Dandy Tobacco.
40 caddies Leader Tobacco.
200 kegs Nails.
150 bags Shot.
200 bundles Hoop Iron.

Goods all new and fresh and no old stock to work off. Call on us.

W. B. COOPER,
Wholesale Grocer and Commission Merchant,
June 13 tf D&W 236 North Water Street, Wilmington, N. C.

A GREAT STOCK —AT— FISHBLATE'S One Price Clothing House.

Men's All-wool Suits,
Sewed with Silk, $5, up.

Children's Sailor Suits,
$1.00.

Children's All-wool Suits, $1 up.

It is not our aim, nor has it ever been, to sell cheap Clothing.

If there is one thing we do avoid, it is "Shoddy Goods."

If you buy from us, remember—"Your money back if you want it."

S. H. FISHBLATE,
King Clothier.
may 26 tf WILMINGTON, N. C.

Observant People

Take care to see everything of interest. Just now the most interesting sight in Wilmington is our superb display of

SUMMER SUITINGS,

which we are making up in outfits that are the admiration of the city. The point about our SUITS is their ideally perfect fit and faultless style. All the seasonable materials are here, such as

CLAY WORSTEDS,
CHEVIOTS, SERGE,
BROADCLOTH,
FANCY MIXED GOODS,

Light Flannels. Any style goods a purchaser can wish. The stock an aggregation of first choices in Fabrics which are certain not to be marred by inartistic tailoring.

Correct attire is a combination of first class Tailoring and fine materials, such as we invariably give to all our customers. We have never made a Second Class Suit. This week you can get Plymouth Rock Pants for $3.00, made to order. To sell a pair is to become the owner of a pair. The most exquisite Suit of Clay Worsted made to order for $13.25. Others for $11.50, $12.50 and up. We make a special run in Ladies' and Men's Bath Suits, Bicycle Suits, Shoes and Leggings, all goods made to order. Give me a call.

C. E. GORDON
Northeast Cor. Front and Market Sts.
June 25 tf

Things We Understand, And Things We Do Not Understand.

The Depositor in the

Wilmington Savings and Trust Company

Does not understand how the decline in price of silver since 1873 caused the price of cotton to decline, when the price of cotton declined more rapidly for several years before '73 (when silver did not decline materially) than after '73, and was lower several years before the war than at present, though silver was twice as high at that time as it is at present. The same depositor does understand and that his money in the

Wilmington Savings & Trust Co

draws interest at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum compounded quarterly. He is therefore provided with a good Umbrella when the "rainy day" comes.

—THE—

Wilmington Savings and Trust Company,

Has the largest capital of any strictly Savings Bank in North Carolina, and is fortified with a good percentage of surplus for the protection of depositors. This Bank invites investigation, and wishes to see every mechanic, wage-earner, salaried man and all others, keep a Savings Bank account and save something each week. June 5 tf

Frank H Stedman, Jas. S. Worth.

Stedman & Worth.

INSURANCE.

Fire and Life.

Office at Banking House of the Wilmington Savings and Trust Company jan 26 tf